

26	 certify to the lieutenant governor the class that the registered political party will
27	be for the upcoming regular general election; and
28	 comply with the candidate nomination requirements relating to the class
29	certified by the registered political party;
30	 provides that a registered political party that fails to timely certify a class is a class
31	D registered political party;
32	provides that only a class A, B, or C registered political party:
33	 may participate in a regular primary election; or
34	 have the registered political party's nominees appear on the general election
35	ballot with an indication of party affiliation;
36	 reduces signature thresholds for a class B registered political party;
37	 establishes other requirements for a registered political party and for particular
38	classes of registered political parties; and
39	makes technical and conforming changes.
40	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
41	None
42	Other Special Clauses:
43	None
44	Utah Code Sections Affected:
45	AMENDS:
46	20A-1-201.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
47	20A-1-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 349
48	20A-1-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
49	20A-5-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 255
50	20A-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 31, 49, and 344
51	20A-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
52	20A-6-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 31
53	20A-8-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 255
54	20A-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 344
55	20A-9-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 22
56	20A-9-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 22

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             20A-9-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 22
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             20A-9-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 281
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             20A-9-406, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 22, 31, and 49
60
             20A-9-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
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             20A-9-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
             20A-9-408.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 296
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             20A-9-409, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, First Special Session, Chapter 4
             20A-9-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 255
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             20A-9-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 142, 255, and 279
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             20A-9-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 296
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             631-2-220, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Sixth Special Session, Chapter 17
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      ENACTS:
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             20A-9-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             20A-9-402.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             20A-9-402.7, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             20A-9-403.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             20A-9-403.7. Utah Code Annotated 1953
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             20A-9-409.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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      Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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             Section 1. Section 20A-1-201.5 is amended to read:
             20A-1-201.5. Primary election dates.
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             (1) The regular primary election shall be held throughout the state on the fourth
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      Tuesday of June of each even numbered year [as provided in Section 20A-9-403, 20A-9-407,
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      or 20A-9-408, as applicable, to nominate [persons] individuals for:
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             (a) national, state, school board, and county offices; and
             (b) offices for a metro township, city, or town incorporated under Section 10-2a-404.
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             (2) A municipal primary election shall be held, if necessary, on the second Tuesday
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      following the first Monday in August before the regular municipal election to nominate persons
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      for municipal offices.
             (3) A presidential primary election shall be held throughout the state on the first
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or

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88	Tuesday in March in the year in which a presidential election will be held.
89	Section 2. Section 20A-1-501 is amended to read:
90	20A-1-501. Candidate vacancies Procedure for filling.
91	(1) The state central committee of a <u>registered</u> political party, for candidates for United
92	States senator, United States representative, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general,
93	state treasurer, and state auditor, and for legislative candidates whose legislative districts
94	encompass more than one county, and the county central committee of a registered political
95	party, for all other party candidates seeking an office elected at a regular general election, may
96	certify the name of another candidate to the appropriate election officer if:
97	(a) for a registered political party that will have a candidate on a ballot in a primary
98	election, after the close of the period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing
99	through the day before the day on which the lieutenant governor provides the list described in
100	Subsection $\left[\frac{20A-9-403(4)(a)}{20A-9-403.7(1)(a)}\right]$:
101	(i) only one or two candidates from that party have filed a declaration of candidacy for
102	that office; and
103	(ii) one or both:
104	(A) dies;
105	(B) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability, certified by a physician
106	or physician assistant, that prevents the candidate from continuing the candidacy; or
107	(C) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures;
108	(b) for a registered political party that does not have a candidate on the ballot in a
109	primary, but that will have a candidate on the ballot for a general election, after the close of the
110	period for filing a declaration of candidacy and continuing through the day before the day on
111	which the lieutenant governor makes the certification described in Section 20A-5-409, the
112	party's candidate:
113	(i) dies;
114	(ii) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability as certified by a
115	physician or physician assistant;

(iii) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures;

(iv) resigns to become a candidate for president or vice president of the United States;

	,
119	or
120	(c) for a registered political party with a candidate certified as winning a primary
121	election, after the deadline described in Subsection (1)(a) and continuing through the day
122	before that day on which the lieutenant governor makes the certification described in Section
123	20A-5-409, the party's candidate:
124	(i) dies;
125	(ii) resigns because of acquiring a physical or mental disability as certified by a
126	physician or physician assistant;
127	(iii) is disqualified by an election officer for improper filing or nominating procedures;
128	or
129	(iv) resigns to become a candidate for president or vice president of the United States.
130	(2) If no more than two candidates from a <u>registered</u> political party have filed a
131	declaration of candidacy for an office elected at a regular general election and one resigns to
132	become the party candidate for another position, the state central committee of that <u>registered</u>
133	political party, for candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state
134	treasurer, and state auditor, and for legislative candidates whose legislative districts encompass
135	more than one county, and the county central committee of that registered political party, for all
136	other party candidates, may certify the name of another candidate to the appropriate election
137	officer.
138	(3) Each replacement candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy as required by
139	Title 20A, Chapter 9, Part 2, Candidate Qualifications and Declarations of Candidacy.
140	(4) (a) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(a) after the
141	deadline described in Subsection (1)(a) may not appear on the primary election ballot.
142	(b) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(b) after the deadline
143	described in Subsection (1)(b) may not appear on the general election ballot.
144	(c) The name of a candidate who is certified under Subsection (1)(c) after the deadline
145	described in Subsection (1)(c) may not appear on the general election ballot.
146	(5) A registered political party may not replace a candidate who is disqualified for

Section 3. Section **20A-1-503** is amended to read:

Campaign and Financial Reporting Requirements, or Section 17-16-6.5.

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failure to timely file a campaign disclosure financial report under Title 20A, Chapter 11,

150	20A-1-503. Midterm vacancies in the Legislature.
151	(1) As used in this section:
152	(a) "Filing deadline" means the final date for filing:
153	(i) a declaration of candidacy as provided in Section 20A-9-202; and
154	(ii) a certificate of nomination as provided in Section 20A-9-503.
155	(b) "Party liaison" means the <u>registered</u> political party officer designated to serve as a
156	liaison with the lieutenant governor on all matters relating to the registered political party's
157	relationship with the state as required by Section 20A-8-401.
158	(2) When a vacancy occurs for any reason in the office of representative in the
159	Legislature, the governor shall fill the vacancy by immediately appointing the [person]
160	individual whose name was submitted by the party liaison of the same registered political party
161	as the prior representative.
162	(3) (a) Except as provided by Subsection (5), when a vacancy occurs for any reason in
163	the office of senator in the Legislature, [it] the office shall be filled for the unexpired term at
164	the next regular general election.
165	(b) The governor shall fill the vacancy until the next regular general election by
166	immediately appointing the [person] individual whose name was submitted by the party liaison
167	of the same <u>registered</u> political party as the prior senator.
168	(4) (a) If a vacancy described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs after the filing deadline but
169	before August 31 of an even-numbered year in which the term of office does not expire, the
170	lieutenant governor shall:
171	(i) establish a date and time, which is before the date for a candidate to be certified for
172	the ballot under Section 20A-9-701 and no later than 21 days after the day on which the
173	vacancy occurred, by which [a person] an individual intending to obtain a position on the ballot
174	for the vacant office shall file:
175	(A) a declaration of candidacy; or
176	(B) a certificate of nomination; and
177	(ii) give notice of the vacancy and the date and time described in Subsection (4)(a)(i):
178	(A) on the lieutenant governor's website; and
179	(B) to each registered political party.
180	(b) [A person] An individual intending to obtain a position on the ballot for the vacant

181 office shall:

- (i) before the date and time specified in Subsection (4)(a)(i), file a declaration of candidacy or certificate of nomination according to the procedures and requirements of Chapter 9, Candidate Qualifications and Nominating Procedures; and
 - (ii) run in the regular general election if:
 - (A) nominated as a party candidate; or
- (B) qualified as an unaffiliated candidate as provided by Chapter 9, Candidate Qualifications and Nominating Procedures.
- (c) If a vacancy described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs after the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202[(1)(b)](2)(b)(ii) or (3)(b) and before August 31, of an even-numbered year in which the term of office does not expire, a party liaison from each registered political party may submit a name of [a person] an individual described in Subsection (4)(b) to the lieutenant governor before 5 p.m. no later than August 30 for placement on the regular general election ballot.
- (5) If a vacancy described in Subsection (3)(a) occurs on or after August 31 of an even-numbered year in which a term does not expire, the governor shall fill the vacancy for the unexpired term by immediately appointing the [person] individual whose name was submitted by the party liaison of the same registered political party as the prior senator.
 - Section 4. Section **20A-5-101** is amended to read:

20A-5-101. Notice of election.

- (1) On or before November 15 in the year before each regular general election year, the lieutenant governor shall prepare and transmit a written notice to each county clerk that:
 - (a) designates the offices to be filled at the next year's regular general election;
- (b) identifies the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy, and for submitting and certifying nomination petition signatures, as applicable, [under Sections 20A-9-403, 20A-9-407, and 20A-9-408] for those offices; and
- (c) contains a description of any ballot propositions to be decided by the voters that have qualified for the ballot as of that date.
- (2) No later than seven business days after the day on which the lieutenant governor transmits the written notice described in Subsection (1), each county clerk shall publish notice, in accordance with Subsection (3):

212 (a) (i) in a conspicuous place most likely to give notice of the election to the voters in 213 each voting precinct within the county; and 214 (ii) prepare an affidavit of the posting, showing a copy of the notice and the places 215 where the notice was posted; 216 (b) (i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county; 217 (ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the county, in addition to the 218 notice described in Subsection (2)(a), by posting one notice, and at least one additional notice 219 per 2.000 population of the county, in places within the county that are most likely to give 220 notice of the election to the voters in the county; or 221 (iii) by mailing notice to each registered voter in the county; 222 (c) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for seven days 223 before the day of the election; 224 (d) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for seven days before the day of the election; 225 and 226 (e) on the county's website for seven days before the day of the election. 227 (3) The notice described in Subsection (2) shall: 228 (a) designate the offices to be voted on in that election; and 229 (b) identify the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for those offices. 230 (4) Except as provided in Subsection (6), before each election, the election officer shall 231 give printed notice of the following information: 232 (a) the date of election; 233 (b) the hours during which the polls will be open; 234 (c) the polling places for each voting precinct, early voting polling place, and election day voting center; 235 (d) the address of the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website and, if available, 236 237 the address of the election officer's website, with a statement indicating that the election officer 238 will post on the website any changes to the location of a polling place and the location of any 239 additional polling place; 240 (e) a phone number that a voter may call to obtain information regarding the location of 241 a polling place; and

(f) the qualifications for persons to vote in the election.

243 (5) To provide the printed notice described in Subsection (4), the election officer shall 244 publish the notice: 245 (a) (i) in a newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction to which the election 246 pertains at least two days before the day of the election; 247 (ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction to which the 248 election pertains, at least two days before the day of the election, by posting one notice, and at 249 least one additional notice per 2,000 population of the jurisdiction, in places within the 250 iurisdiction that are most likely to give notice of the election to the voters in the iurisdiction; or 251 (iii) by mailing the notice to each registered voter who resides in the jurisdiction to 252 which the election pertains at least five days before the day of the election; 253 (b) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for two days 254 before the day of the election; 255 (c) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, for two days before the day of the election; 256 and 257 (d) if the jurisdiction has a website, on the jurisdiction's website for two days before 258 the day of the election. 259 (6) Instead of including the information described in Subsection (4) in the notice, the election officer may give printed notice that: 260 261 (a) is entitled "Notice of Election"; (b) includes the following: "A [indicate election type] will be held in [indicate the 262 263 jurisdiction] on [indicate date of election]. Information relating to the election, including polling places, polling place hours, and qualifications of voters may be obtained from the 264 265 following sources:"; and 266 (c) specifies the following sources where an individual may view or obtain the 267 information described in Subsection (4): 268 (i) if the jurisdiction has a website, the jurisdiction's website; 269 (ii) the physical address of the jurisdiction offices; and 270 (iii) a mailing address and telephone number. 271 Section 5. Section **20A-6-301** is amended to read: 272 20A-6-301. Manual ballots -- Regular general election. (1) Each election officer shall ensure that: 273

274 (a) all manual ballots furnished for use at the regular general election contain: (i) no captions or other endorsements except as provided in this section; 275 276 (ii) no symbols, markings, or other descriptions of a political party or group, except for 277 a registered political party that has, by timely certifying as a class A, B, or C registered political 278 party under Section 20A-9-102, chosen to nominate [its] the registered political party's 279 candidates in accordance with [Section 20A-9-403] the requirements applicable to the class 280 certified under Section 20A-9-102; and 281 (iii) no indication that a candidate for elective office has been nominated by, or has 282 been endorsed by, or is in any way affiliated with a political party or group, unless the candidate has been nominated by a class A, B, or C registered political party in accordance 283 284 with [Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5)] the requirements applicable to the 285 class certified under Section 20A-9-102; 286 (b) at the top of the ballot, the following endorsements are printed in 18 point bold type: (i) "Official Ballot for County, Utah"; 287 288 (ii) the date of the election; and 289 (iii) the words "certified by the Clerk of County" or, as applicable, the 290 name of a combined office that includes the duties of a county clerk; 291 (c) unaffiliated candidates, candidates not affiliated with a registered political party. 292 and all other candidates for elective office who were not nominated by a class A, B, or C 293 registered political party in accordance with [Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5)] the requirements applicable to the registered political party's class, are listed 294 with the other candidates for the same office in accordance with Section 20A-6-305, without a 295 296 party name or title; 297 (d) each ticket containing the lists of candidates, including the party name and device, 298 are separated by heavy parallel lines; 299 (e) the offices to be filled are plainly printed immediately above the names of the 300 candidates for those offices; 301 (f) the names of candidates are printed in capital letters, not less than one-eighth nor 302 more than one-fourth of an inch high in heavy-faced type not smaller than 10 point, between 303 lines or rules three-eighths of an inch apart; and 304 (g) on a ticket for a race in which a voter is authorized to cast a write-in vote and in

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which a write-in candidate is qualified under Section 20A-9-601:

- (i) the ballot includes a space for a write-in candidate immediately following the last candidate listed on that ticket; or
- (ii) for the offices of president and vice president and governor and lieutenant governor, the ballot includes two spaces for write-in candidates immediately following the last candidates on that ticket, one placed above the other, to enable the entry of two valid write-in candidates.
 - (2) An election officer shall ensure that:
- (a) each individual nominated by [any registered political party under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5)] a class A, B, or C registered political party in accordance with the requirements applicable to the registered political party's class, and no other individual, is placed on the ballot:
 - (i) under the registered political party's name, if any; or
- (ii) under the title of the registered political party [as] designated by [them in their certificates] the individual in the individual's certificate of nomination or petition, or, if none is designated, then under some suitable title;
- (b) the names of all unaffiliated candidates that qualify as required in Chapter 9, Part 5, Candidates not Affiliated with a Party, are placed on the ballot;
- (c) the names of the candidates for president and vice president are used on the ballot instead of the names of the presidential electors; and
 - (d) the ballots contain no other names.
- (3) When the ballot contains a nonpartisan section, the election officer shall ensure that:
 - (a) the designation of the office to be filled in the election and the number of candidates to be elected are printed in type not smaller than eight point;
 - (b) the words designating the office are printed flush with the left-hand margin;
- (c) the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to _____ (the number of candidates for which the voter may vote)" extend to the extreme right of the column;
- (d) the nonpartisan candidates are grouped according to the office for which they are candidates;
- 335 (e) the names in each group are placed in the order specified under Section 20A-6-305

330	with the surnames last, and
337	(f) each group is preceded by the designation of the office for which the candidates
338	seek election, and the words, "Vote for one" or "Vote for up to (the number of
339	candidates for which the voter may vote)," according to the number to be elected.
340	(4) Each election officer shall ensure that:
341	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are listed on the ballot in
342	accordance with Section 20A-6-107;
343	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are listed on the ballot in accordance
344	with Section 20A-6-107; and
345	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are listed on the ballot under the
346	title assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206.
347	Section 6. Section 20A-6-302 is amended to read:
348	20A-6-302. Manual ballots Placement of candidates' names.
349	(1) An election officer shall ensure, for manual ballots in regular general elections, that:
350	(a) each candidate is listed by party, if nominated by a <u>class A, B, or C</u> registered
351	political party [under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5)] in accordance
352	with the requirements applicable to the registered political party's class;
353	(b) candidates' surnames are listed in alphabetical order on the ballots when two or
354	more candidates' names are required to be listed on a ticket under the title of an office; and
355	(c) the names of candidates are placed on the ballot in the order specified under Section
356	20A-6-305.
357	(2) (a) When there is only one candidate for county attorney at the regular general
358	election in counties that have three or fewer registered voters of the county who are licensed
359	active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the county clerk shall cause that
360	candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be placed on a separate section of the ballot
361	with the following question: "Shall (name of candidate) be elected to the office of county
362	attorney? Yes No[.]".
363	(b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is
364	elected to the office of county attorney.
365	(c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not
366	elected and may not take office, nor may the candidate continue in the office past the end of the

367 term resulting from any prior election or appointment.

- (d) When the name of only one candidate for county attorney is printed on the ballot under authority of this Subsection (2), the county clerk may not count any write-in votes received for the office of county attorney.
- (e) If no qualified individual files for the office of county attorney or if the candidate is not elected by the voters, the county legislative body shall appoint the county attorney as provided in Section 20A-1-509.2.
- (f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (2)(f), be placed on the ballot under Subsection (2)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (2)(a) to the two consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate is seeking election, Subsection (2)(a) does not apply and that candidate shall be considered to be an unopposed candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate for another office, unless a petition is filed with the county clerk before 5 p.m. no later than one day before that year's primary election that:
 - (i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (2)(a) to be followed; and
- (ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number at least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the last election at which a governor was elected.
- (3) (a) When there is only one candidate for district attorney at the regular general election in a prosecution district that has three or fewer registered voters of the district who are licensed active members in good standing of the Utah State Bar, the county clerk shall cause that candidate's name and party affiliation, if any, to be placed on a separate section of the ballot with the following question: "Shall (name of candidate) be elected to the office of district attorney? Yes

 No ____[-]".
- (b) If the number of "Yes" votes exceeds the number of "No" votes, the candidate is elected to the office of district attorney.
- (c) If the number of "No" votes exceeds the number of "Yes" votes, the candidate is not elected and may not take office, nor may the candidate continue in the office past the end of the term resulting from any prior election or appointment.
- (d) When the name of only one candidate for district attorney is printed on the ballot under authority of this Subsection (3), the county clerk may not count any write-in votes

398 received for the office of district attorney.

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- (e) If no qualified individual files for the office of district attorney, or if the only candidate is not elected by the voters under this subsection, the county legislative body shall appoint a new district attorney for a four-year term as provided in Section 20A-1-509.2.
- (f) If the candidate whose name would, except for this Subsection (3)(f), be placed on the ballot under Subsection (3)(a) has been elected on a ballot under Subsection (3)(a) to the two consecutive terms immediately preceding the term for which the candidate is seeking election, Subsection (3)(a) does not apply and that candidate shall be considered to be an unopposed candidate the same as any other unopposed candidate for another office, unless a petition is filed with the county clerk before 5 p.m. no later than one day before that year's primary election that:
 - (i) requests the procedure set forth in Subsection (3)(a) to be followed; and
- (ii) contains the signatures of registered voters in the county representing in number at least 25% of all votes cast in the county for all candidates for governor at the last election at which a governor was elected.
 - Section 7. Section **20A-6-304** is amended to read:

20A-6-304. Regular general election -- Mechanical ballots.

- (1) Each election officer shall ensure that:
- (a) the format and content of a mechanical ballot is arranged in approximately the same order as manual ballots;
- (b) the titles of offices and the names of candidates are displayed in vertical columns or in a series of separate displays;
 - (c) the mechanical ballot is of sufficient length to include, after the list of candidates:
 - (i) the names of candidates for judicial offices and any other nonpartisan offices; and
 - (ii) any ballot propositions submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection;
- (d) the office titles are displayed above or at the side of the names of candidates so as to indicate clearly the candidates for each office and the number to be elected;
- (e) the party designation of each candidate who has been nominated by a <u>class A, B, or C</u> registered political party [<u>under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or Subsection 20A-9-403(5)</u>] <u>in accordance with the requirements applicable to the registered political party's class</u> is displayed adjacent to the candidate's name; and

429	(f) if possible, all candidates for one office are grouped in one column or upon one
430	display screen.
431	(2) Each election officer shall ensure that:
432	(a) proposed amendments to the Utah Constitution are displayed in accordance with
433	Section 20A-6-107;
434	(b) ballot propositions submitted to the voters are displayed in accordance with Section
435	20A-6-107; and
436	(c) bond propositions that have qualified for the ballot are displayed under the title
437	assigned to each bond proposition under Section 11-14-206.
438	Section 8. Section 20A-8-103 is amended to read:
439	20A-8-103. Petition procedures Criminal penalty.
440	(1) As used in this section, the proposed name or emblem of a registered political party
441	is "distinguishable" if a reasonable person of average intelligence will be able to perceive a
442	difference between the proposed name or emblem and any name or emblem currently being
443	used by another registered political party.
444	(2) To become a registered political party, an organization of registered voters that is
445	not a continuing political party shall:
446	(a) circulate a petition seeking registered political party status beginning no earlier than
447	the date of the statewide canvass held after the last regular general election and ending before 5
448	p.m. no later than November 30 of the year before the year in which the next regular general
449	election will be held;
450	(b) file a petition with the lieutenant governor that is signed, with a holographic
451	signature, by at least 2,000 registered voters before 5 p.m. no later than November 30 of the
452	year in which a regular general election will be held; and
453	(c) file, with the petition described in Subsection (2)(b), a document certifying:
454	(i) the identity of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for
455	the organization's candidates;
456	(ii) whether unaffiliated voters may vote for the organization's candidates; and
457	(iii) whether, for the next election, the organization [intends to nominate the
458	organization's candidates in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-406] will be a
459	class A. B. C. or D. registered political party

460	(3) The petition shall:
461	(a) be on sheets of paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;
462	(b) be ruled with a horizontal line 3/4 inch from the top, with the space above that line
463	blank for the purpose of binding;
464	(c) contain the name of the political party and the words "Political Party Registration
465	Petition" printed directly below the horizontal line;
466	(d) contain the word "Warning" printed directly under the words described in
467	Subsection (3)(c);
468	(e) contain, to the right of the word "Warning," the following statement printed in not
469	less than eight-point, single leaded type:
470	"It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone to knowingly sign a political party registration
471	petition signature sheet with any name other than the individual's own name or more than once
472	for the same party or if the individual is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend
473	to become registered to vote in this state before the petition is submitted to the lieutenant
474	governor.";
475	(f) contain the following statement directly under the statement described in Subsection
476	(3)(e):
477	"POLITICAL PARTY REGISTRATION PETITION To the Honorable,
478	Lieutenant Governor:
479	We, the undersigned citizens of Utah, seek registered political party status for
480	(name);
481	Each signer says:
482	I have personally signed this petition with a holographic signature;
483	I am registered to vote in Utah or will register to vote in Utah before the petition is
484	submitted to the lieutenant governor;
485	I am or desire to become a member of the political party; and
486	My street address is written correctly after my name.";
487	(g) be vertically divided into columns as follows:
488	(i) the first column shall appear at the extreme left of the sheet, be 5/8 inch wide, be
489	headed with "For Office Use Only," and be subdivided with a light vertical line down the
490	middle;

491	(ii) the next column shall be 2-1/2 inches wide, headed "Registered Voter's Printed
492	Name (must be legible to be counted)";
493	(iii) the next column shall be 2-1/2 inches wide, headed "Holographic Signature of
494	Registered Voter";
495	(iv) the next column shall be one inch wide, headed "Birth Date or Age (Optional)";
496	(v) the final column shall be 4-3/8 inches wide, headed "Street Address, City, Zip
497	Code"; and
498	(vi) at the bottom of the sheet, contain the following statement: "Birth date or age
499	information is not required, but it may be used to verify your identity with voter registration
500	records. If you choose not to provide it, your signature may not be certified as a valid signature
501	if you change your address before petition signatures are certified or if the information you
502	provide does not match your voter registration records.";
503	(h) have a final page bound to one or more signature sheets that are bound together that
504	contains the following printed statement:
505	"Verification
506	State of Utah, County of
507	I,, of, hereby state that:
508	I am a Utah resident and am at least 18 years old;
509	All the names that appear on the signature sheets bound to this page were signed by
510	individuals who professed to be the individuals whose names appear on the signature sheets,
511	and each individual signed the individual's name on the signature sheets in my presence;
512	I believe that each individual has printed and signed the individual's name and written
513	the individual's street address correctly, and that each individual is registered to vote in Utah or
514	will register to vote in Utah before the petition is submitted to the lieutenant governor.
515	
516	(Signature) (Residence Address) (Date)"; and
517	(i) be bound to a cover sheet that:
518	(i) identifies the political party's name, which may not exceed four words, and the
519	emblem of the party;
520	(ii) states the process that the organization will follow to organize and adopt a
521	constitution and bylaws; and

522 (iii) is signed by a filing officer, who agrees to receive communications on behalf of 523 the organization. 524 (4) The filing officer described in Subsection (3)(i)(iii) shall ensure that the individual 525 in whose presence each signature sheet is signed: 526 (a) is at least 18 years old; 527 (b) meets the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105; and (c) verifies each signature sheet by completing the verification bound to one or more 528 529 signature sheets that are bound together. 530 (5) An individual may not sign the verification if the individual signed a signature 531 sheet bound to the verification. 532 (6) The lieutenant governor shall: 533 (a) determine whether the required number of voters appears on the petition; 534 (b) review the proposed name and emblem to determine if they are "distinguishable" from the names and emblems of other registered political parties; and 535 536 (c) certify the lieutenant governor's findings to the filing officer described in 537 Subsection (3)(i)(iii) within 30 days of the filing of the petition. 538 (7) (a) If the lieutenant governor determines that the petition meets the requirements of 539 this section, and that the proposed name and emblem are distinguishable, the lieutenant 540 governor shall authorize the filing officer described in Subsection (3)(i)(iii) to organize the 541 prospective political party. 542 (b) If the lieutenant governor finds that the name, emblem, or both are not 543 distinguishable from the names and emblems of other registered political parties, the lieutenant 544 governor shall notify the filing officer that the filing officer has seven days to submit a new 545 name or emblem to the lieutenant governor. 546 (8) A registered political party may not change its name or emblem during the regular 547 general election cycle. 548 (9) (a) It is unlawful for an individual to: 549 (i) knowingly sign a political party registration petition: 550 (A) with any name other than the individual's own name; 551 (B) more than once for the same political party; or

(C) if the individual is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to become

553	registered to vote in this state before the petition is submitted to the lieutenant governor; or
554	(ii) sign the verification of a political party registration petition signature sheet if the
555	individual:
556	(A) does not meet the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105;
557	(B) has not witnessed the signing by those individuals whose names appear on the
558	political party registration petition signature sheet; or
559	(C) knows that an individual whose signature appears on the political party registration
560	petition signature sheet is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to become
561	registered to vote in this state.
562	(b) An individual who violates this Subsection (9) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
563	Section 9. Section 20A-9-101 is amended to read:
564	20A-9-101. Definitions.
565	As used in this chapter:
566	(1) (a) "Candidates for elective office" means persons who file a declaration of
567	candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 to run in a regular general election for a federal office,
568	constitutional office, multicounty office, or county office.
569	(b) "Candidates for elective office" does not mean candidates for:
570	(i) justice or judge of court of record or not of record;
571	(ii) presidential elector;
572	(iii) any political party offices; and
573	(iv) municipal or local district offices.
574	(2) "Class A registered political party" means a registered political party that, by timely
575	certifying as a class A registered political party under Section 20A-9-102, voluntarily agrees:
576	(a) to permit a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political
577	party's nomination for any elective office via party convention only; and
578	(b) that the two candidates who receive the highest number of votes for each office at
579	convention will compete for the nomination in a primary election unless one candidate receives
580	at least 70% of the votes cast at convention for that office.
581	(3) "Class B registered political party" means a registered political party that, by timely
582	certifying as a class B registered political party under Section 20A-9-102, voluntarily agrees:
583	(a) (i) to permit a delegate for the registered political party to vote on a candidate

004	nomination in the registered portical party's convention remotery, or
585	(ii) to provide a procedure for designating an alternate delegate if a delegate is not
586	present at the registered political party's convention;
587	(b) to hold the registered political party's convention no earlier than the fourth Saturday
588	in March of an even-numbered year; and
589	(c) to permit a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political
590	party's nomination for any elective office by the member choosing to seek the nomination by
591	either or both of the following methods:
592	(i) seeking the nomination through the registered political party's convention process,
593	in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-407; or
594	(ii) seeking the nomination by collecting signatures, in accordance with the provisions
595	of Section 20A-9-408.
596	(4) "Class C registered political party" means a registered political party that, by timely
597	certifying as a class C registered political party under Section 20A-9-102, voluntarily agrees to
598	permit a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political party's
599	nomination for any elective office by signature only, in accordance with Section 20A-9-403.
600	(5) "Class D registered political party" means a registered political party that:
501	(a) by timely certifying as a class D registered political party under Section 20A-9-102,
502	voluntarily agrees:
503	(i) to permit a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political
504	party's nomination for any elective office by a means other than the means required for a class
505	A, B, or C registered political party;
506	(ii) that the registered political party will not participate in the regular primary election;
507	<u>and</u>
608	(iii) that the registered political party's nominees will appear on the general election
509	ballot without any indication of party affiliation or affiliation with any other political group; or
510	(b) by failing to timely certify as a class A, B, C, or D registered political party under
511	Section 20A-9-102, is not entitled to, and is not permitted to:
512	(i) participate in the regular primary election; or
513	(ii) have the registered political party's nominees appear on the general election ballot
514	with any indication of party affiliation or affiliation with any other political group.

615	$[\frac{(2)}{(6)}]$ "Constitutional office" means the state offices of governor, lieutenant
616	governor, attorney general, state auditor, and state treasurer.
617	[(3)] (7) "Continuing political party" means the same as that term is defined in Section
618	20A-8-101.
619	[(4)] (8) (a) "County office" means an elective office where the officeholder is selected
620	by voters entirely within one county.
621	(b) "County office" does not mean:
622	(i) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
623	(ii) the office of presidential elector;
624	(iii) any political party offices;
625	(iv) any municipal or local district offices; and
626	(v) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative.
627	[(5)] (9) "Federal office" means an elective office for United States Senator and United
628	States Representative.
629	[(6)] <u>(10)</u> "Filing officer" means:
630	(a) the lieutenant governor, for:
631	(i) the office of United States Senator and United States Representative; and
632	(ii) all constitutional offices;
633	(b) for the office of a state senator or state representative, the lieutenant governor or the
634	applicable clerk described in Subsection [(6)] (10)(c) or (d);
635	(c) the county clerk, for county offices and local school district offices;
636	(d) the county clerk in the filer's county of residence, for multicounty offices;
637	(e) the city or town clerk, for municipal offices; or
638	(f) the local district clerk, for local district offices.
639	[(7)] (11) "Local district office" means an elected office in a local district.
640	[(8)] (12) "Local government office" includes county offices, municipal offices, and
641	local district offices and other elective offices selected by the voters from a political division
642	entirely within one county.
643	[(9)] (13) (a) "Multicounty office" means an elective office where the officeholder is
644	selected by the voters from more than one county.
645	(b) "Multicounty office" does not mean:

646	(i) a county office;
647	(ii) a federal office;
648	(iii) the office of justice or judge of any court of record or not of record;
649	(iv) the office of presidential elector;
650	(v) any political party offices; or
651	(vi) any municipal or local district offices.
652	[(10)] (14) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
653	[(11)] (15) (a) "Political division" means a geographic unit from which an officeholder
654	is elected and that an officeholder represents.
655	(b) "Political division" includes a county, a city, a town, a local district, a school
656	district, a legislative district, and a county prosecution district.
657	[(12) "Qualified political party" means a registered political party that:]
658	[(a) (i) permits a delegate for the registered political party to vote on a candidate
659	nomination in the registered political party's convention remotely; or]
660	[(ii) provides a procedure for designating an alternate delegate if a delegate is not
661	present at the registered political party's convention;]
662	[(b) does not hold the registered political party's convention before the fourth Saturday
663	in March of an even-numbered year;]
664	[(c) permits a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political
665	party's nomination for any elective office by the member choosing to seek the nomination by
666	either or both of the following methods:]
667	[(i) seeking the nomination through the registered political party's convention process,
668	in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-407; or]
669	[(ii) seeking the nomination by collecting signatures, in accordance with the provisions
670	of Section 20A-9-408; and]
671	[(d) (i) if the registered political party is a continuing political party, no later than 5
672	p.m. on September 30 of an odd-numbered year, certifies to the lieutenant governor that, for the
673	election in the following year, the registered political party intends to nominate the registered
674	political party's candidates in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-406; or]
675	[(ii) if the registered political party is not a continuing political party, certifies at the
676	time that the registered political party files the petition described in Section 20A-8-103 that, for

677	the next election, the registered political party intends to nominate the registered political
678	party's candidates in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-406.]
679	Section 10. Section 20A-9-102 is enacted to read:
680	20A-9-102. Certification of registered political party class Effect of certification
681	or failure to timely certify.
682	(1) A registered political party that is a continuing political party shall, no later than 5
683	p.m. on September 30 of an odd-numbered year, certify to the lieutenant governor, in writing:
684	(a) whether the registered political party will be a class A, class B, class C, or class D
685	registered political party during the following even-numbered year; and
686	(b) for a class A, class B, or class C registered political party:
687	(i) the name of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for
688	the registered political party's candidates in the regular primary election; and
689	(ii) whether individuals identified as unaffiliated with a registered political party may
690	vote for the registered political party's candidates in the regular primary election.
691	(2) A registered political party that is not a continuing political party, shall, at the time
692	that the registered political party files the petition described in Section 20A-8-103, certify to
693	the lieutenant governor, in writing:
694	(a) whether the registered political party will be a class A, class B, class C, or class D
695	registered political party during the following even-numbered year; and
696	(b) for a class A, class B, or class C registered political party:
697	(i) the name of one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for
698	the registered political party's candidates in the regular primary election; and
699	(ii) whether individuals identified as unaffiliated with a registered political party may
700	vote for the registered political party's candidates in the regular primary election.
701	(3) A registered political party that fails to timely provide the certification described in
702	Subsection (1) or (2) is a class D registered political party during the even-numbered year
703	following the applicable deadline described in Subsection (1) or (2).
704	(4) If a registered political party certifies as a class A, class B, class C, or class D
705	registered political party:
706	(a) the registered political party may not, after certifying, change the registered political
707	party's class for purposes of an election during the even-numbered year following the

708	applicable deadline described in Subsection (1) or (2); and
709	(b) any action taken by the registered political party that is intended to, or may have the
710	effect of, changing the class of the registered political party or interfering with the election
711	process provided by law for the class of the registered political party will not be given legal
712	effect by the state for an election in the even-numbered year following the deadline described
713	in Subsection (1) or (2).
714	(5) If a registered political party becomes a class D registered political party by failing
715	to timely provide the certification described in Subsection (1) or (2):
716	(a) the registered political party may not, after the applicable deadline described in
717	Subsection (1) or (2), change the registered political party's class for purposes of an election
718	during the even-numbered year following the applicable deadline described in Subsection (1)
719	<u>or (2); and</u>
720	(b) any action taken by the registered political party that is intended to change, or that
721	may have the effect of changing, the class of the registered political party or interfere with the
722	election process provided by law for a class D registered political party will not be given legal
723	effect by the state for an election in the even-numbered year following the applicable deadline
724	described in Subsection (1) or (2).
725	Section 11. Section 20A-9-201 is amended to read:
726	20A-9-201. Declarations of candidacy Candidacy for more than one office or of
727	more than one political party prohibited with exceptions General filing and form
728	requirements Affidavit of impecuniosity.
729	(1) Before filing a declaration of candidacy for election to any office, an individual
730	shall:
731	(a) be a United States citizen;
732	(b) meet the legal requirements of that office; and
733	(c) if seeking a registered political party's nomination as a candidate for elective office,
734	state:
735	(i) the registered political party of which the individual is a member; or
736	(ii) that the individual is not a member of a registered political party.
737	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), an individual may not:

(i) file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one office in

739 Utah during any election year;

- (ii) appear on the ballot as the candidate of more than one political party; or
- (iii) file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of which the individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political party permits otherwise in the registered political party's bylaws.
- (b) (i) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, president or vice president of the United States and another office, if the individual resigns the individual's candidacy for the other office after the individual is officially nominated for president or vice president of the United States.
- (ii) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for, or be a candidate for, more than one justice court judge office.
- (iii) An individual may file a declaration of candidacy for lieutenant governor even if the individual filed a declaration of candidacy for another office in the same election year if the individual withdraws as a candidate for the other office in accordance with Subsection 20A-9-202(6) before filing the declaration of candidacy for lieutenant governor.
- (3) (a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, before the filing officer may accept any declaration of candidacy, the filing officer shall:
- (i) read to the individual the constitutional and statutory qualification requirements for the office that the individual is seeking;
- (ii) require the individual to state whether the individual meets the requirements described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); [and]
- (iii) if the declaration of candidacy is for a county office, inform the individual that an individual who holds a county elected office may not, at the same time, hold a municipal elected office[-]; and
- (iv) if the declaration of candidacy is for a legislative office, inform the individual that Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 6, prohibits a person who holds a public office of profit or trust, under authority of the United States or Utah, from being a member of the Legislature.
- (b) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county attorney, the county clerk shall ensure that the individual filing that declaration of candidacy is:
 - (i) a United States citizen;
- (ii) an attorney licensed to practice law in the state who is an active member in good

standing of the Utah State Bar;

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- (iii) a registered voter in the county in which the individual is seeking office; and
- (iv) a current resident of the county in which the individual is seeking office and either has been a resident of that county for at least one year or was appointed and is currently serving as county attorney and became a resident of the county within 30 days after appointment to the office.
 - (c) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of district attorney, the county clerk shall ensure that, as of the date of the election, the individual filing that declaration of candidacy is:
 - (i) a United States citizen;
 - (ii) an attorney licensed to practice law in the state who is an active member in good standing of the Utah State Bar;
 - (iii) a registered voter in the prosecution district in which the individual is seeking office; and
 - (iv) a current resident of the prosecution district in which the individual is seeking office and either will have been a resident of that prosecution district for at least one year as of the date of the election or was appointed and is currently serving as district attorney and became a resident of the prosecution district within 30 days after receiving appointment to the office.
 - (d) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of county sheriff, the county clerk shall ensure that the individual filing the declaration:
 - (i) is a United States citizen;
 - (ii) is a registered voter in the county in which the individual seeks office;
 - (iii) (A) has successfully met the standards and training requirements established for law enforcement officers under Title 53, Chapter 6, Part 2, Peace Officer Training and Certification Act; or
 - (B) has met the waiver requirements in Section 53-6-206;
- 797 (iv) is qualified to be certified as a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 798 53-13-103; and
- (v) as of the date of the election, will have been a resident of the county in which the individual seeks office for at least one year.

- (e) Before accepting a declaration of candidacy for the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state legislator, or State Board of Education member, the filing officer shall ensure[: (i)] that the individual filing the declaration of candidacy also makes the conflict of interest disclosure required by Section 20A-11-1603[; and].
- [(ii) until January 1, 2020, if the filing officer is not the lieutenant governor, that the individual provides the conflict of interest disclosure form to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section 20A-11-1603.]
- (4) If an individual who files a declaration of candidacy does not meet the qualification requirements for the office the individual is seeking, the filing officer may not accept the individual's declaration of candidacy.
- (5) If an individual who files a declaration of candidacy meets the requirements described in Subsection (3), the filing officer shall:
 - (a) inform the individual that:
- (i) the individual's name will appear on the ballot as the individual's name is written on the individual's declaration of candidacy;
- (ii) the individual may be required to comply with state or local campaign finance disclosure laws; and
- (iii) the individual is required to file a financial statement before the individual's political convention under:
 - (A) Section 20A-11-204 for a candidate for constitutional office;
 - (B) Section 20A-11-303 for a candidate for the Legislature; or
 - (C) local campaign finance disclosure laws, if applicable;
- (b) except for a presidential candidate, provide the individual with a copy of the current campaign financial disclosure laws for the office the individual is seeking and inform the individual that failure to comply will result in disqualification as a candidate and removal of the individual's name from the ballot;
- (c) provide the individual with a copy of Section 20A-7-801 regarding the Statewide Electronic Voter Information Website Program and inform the individual of the submission deadline under Subsection 20A-7-801(4)(a);
 - (d) provide the candidate with a copy of the pledge of fair campaign practices

832	described under Section 20A-9-206 and inform the candidate that:
833	(i) signing the pledge is voluntary; and
834	(ii) signed pledges shall be filed with the filing officer;
835	(e) accept the individual's declaration of candidacy; and
836	(f) if the individual has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
837	declaration of candidacy to the chair of the county or state political party of which the
838	individual is a member.
839	(6) If the candidate elects to sign the pledge of fair campaign practices, the filing
840	officer shall:
841	(a) accept the candidate's pledge; and
842	(b) if the candidate has filed for a partisan office, provide a certified copy of the
843	candidate's pledge to the chair of the county or state political party of which the candidate is a
844	member.
845	(7) (a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, the
846	form of the declaration of candidacy shall:
847	(i) be substantially as follows:
848	"State of Utah, County of
849	I,, declare my candidacy for the office of, seeking the
850	nomination of the party. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications to
851	hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at
852	in the City or Town of, Utah, Zip Code Phone No; I will not
853	knowingly violate any law governing campaigns and elections; if filing via a designated
854	agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing period; I will
855	file all campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law; and I understand that
856	failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and
857	removal of my name from the ballot. The mailing address that I designate for receiving
858	official election notices is
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860	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
861	Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath)."; and
862	(ii) require the candidate to state, in the sworn statement described in Subsection

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- 863 (7)(a)(i): 864 (A) the registered political party of which the candidate is a member; or 865 (B) that the candidate is not a member of a registered political party. 866 (b) An agent designated under Subsection 20A-9-202[(1)(c)](4) to file a declaration of 867 candidacy may not sign the form described in Subsection (7)(a) or Section 20A-9-408.5. 868 (8) (a) Except for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, the 869 fee for filing a declaration of candidacy is: 870 (i) \$50 for candidates for the local school district board; and 871 (ii) \$50 plus 1/8 of 1% of the total salary for the full term of office legally paid to the 872 person holding the office for all other federal, state, and county offices. 873 (b) Except for presidential candidates, the filing officer shall refund the filing fee to 874 any candidate: 875 (i) who is disqualified; or 876 (ii) who the filing officer determines has filed improperly. 877 (c) (i) The county clerk shall immediately pay to the county treasurer all fees received 878 from candidates. 879 (ii) The lieutenant governor shall: 880 (A) apportion to and pay to the county treasurers of the various counties all fees 881 received for filing of nomination certificates or acceptances; and 882 (B) ensure that each county receives that proportion of the total amount paid to the 883 lieutenant governor from the congressional district that the total vote of that county for all 884 candidates for representative in Congress bears to the total vote of all counties within the 885 congressional district for all candidates for representative in Congress. 886 (d) (i) A person who is unable to pay the filing fee may file a declaration of candidacy 887 without payment of the filing fee upon a prima facie showing of impecuniosity as evidenced by 888 an affidavit of impecuniosity filed with the filing officer and, if requested by the filing officer,
 - (ii) A person who is able to pay the filing fee may not claim impecuniosity.

a financial statement filed at the time the affidavit is submitted.

(iii) (A) False statements made on an affidavit of impecuniosity or a financial statement filed under this section shall be subject to the criminal penalties provided under Sections 76-8-503 and 76-8-504 and any other applicable criminal provision.

894	(B) Conviction of a criminal offense under Subsection (8)(d)(iii)(A) shall be
895	considered an offense under this title for the purposes of assessing the penalties provided in
896	Subsection 20A-1-609(2).
897	(iv) The filing officer shall ensure that the affidavit of impecuniosity is printed in
898	substantially the following form:
899	"Affidavit of Impecuniosity
900	Individual Name
901	Address
902	Phone Number
903	I,(name), do solemnly [swear] [affirm], under penalty of law
904	for false statements, that, owing to my poverty, I am unable to pay the filing fee required by
905	law.
906	DateSignature
907	Affiant
908	Subscribed and sworn to before me on (month\day\year)
909	
910	(signature)
911	Name and Title of Officer Authorized to Administer Oath".
912	(v) The filing officer shall provide to a person who requests an affidavit of
913	impecuniosity a statement printed in substantially the following form, which may be included
914	on the affidavit of impecuniosity:
915	"Filing a false statement is a criminal offense. In accordance with Section 20A-1-609, a
916	candidate who is found guilty of filing a false statement, in addition to being subject to criminal
917	penalties, will be removed from the ballot."
918	(vi) The filing officer may request that a person who makes a claim of impecuniosity
919	under this Subsection (8)(d) file a financial statement on a form prepared by the election
920	official.
921	(9) An individual who fails to file a declaration of candidacy or certificate of
922	nomination within the time provided in this chapter is ineligible for nomination to office.
923	(10) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section may not be amended or
924	modified after the final date established for filing a declaration of candidacy.

925	Section 12. Section 20A-9-202 is amended to read:
926	20A-9-202. Declarations of candidacy for regular general elections.
927	[(1) (a) An individual seeking to become a candidate for an elective office that is to be
928	filled at the next regular general election shall:]
929	[(i) except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy in person
930	with the filing officer on or after January 1 of the regular general election year, and, if
931	applicable, before the individual circulates nomination petitions under Section 20A-9-405; and]
932	[(ii) pay the filing fee.]
933	[(b) Unless expressly provided otherwise in this title, for a registered political party
934	that is not a qualified political party, the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for an
935	elective office that is to be filled at the next regular general election is 5 p.m. on the first
936	Monday after the third Saturday in April.]
937	(1) An individual seeking to become a candidate for an elective office that is to be
938	filled at the next regular general election shall:
939	(a) file a declaration of candidacy in accordance with Subsection (2) or (3), as
940	applicable; and
941	(b) pay the filing fee at the time of filing.
942	(2) If an individual described in Subsection (1) will seek to become a candidate by
943	gathering signatures under Section 20A-9-403 or 20A-9-408, the individual shall, except as
944	provided in Subsection (4), file a declaration of candidacy in person with the filing officer:
945	(a) on or after January 1 of the regular general election year; and
946	(b) before the earlier of:
947	(i) before the individual circulates nomination petitions under Section 20A-9-403 or
948	<u>20A-9-408</u> ; or
949	(ii) 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election.
950	(3) If an individual described in Subsection (1) will not seek to become a candidate by
951	gathering signatures under Section 20A-9-403 or 20A-9-408, the individual shall, except as
952	provided in Subsection (4), file a declaration of candidacy in person with the filing officer:
953	(a) on or after the second Friday in March before the next regular general election; and
954	(b) before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general
955	election.

district attorney.

956	[(c)] (4) Subject to Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(b), an individual may designate an agent
957	to file a declaration of candidacy with the filing officer if:
958	[(i)] (a) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period;
959	[(ii)] (b) the designated agent appears in person before the filing officer;
960	[(iii)] (c) the individual communicates with the filing officer using an electronic device
961	that allows the individual and filing officer to see and hear each other; and
962	[(iv)] (d) the individual provides the filing officer with an email address to which the
963	filing officer may send the individual the copies described in Subsection 20A-9-201(5).
964	[(d)] (5) (a) Each county clerk who receives a declaration of candidacy from a
965	candidate for multicounty office shall transmit the filing fee and a copy of the candidate's
966	declaration of candidacy to the lieutenant governor within one business day after the candidate
967	files the declaration of candidacy.
968	[(e)] (b) Each day during the filing period, each county clerk shall notify the lieutenant
969	governor electronically or by telephone of candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy
970	with the county clerk.
971	[(f)] (c) Each individual seeking the office of lieutenant governor, the office of district
972	attorney, or the office of president or vice president of the United States shall comply with the
973	specific declaration of candidacy requirements established by this section.
974	[(2)] (6) (a) Each individual intending to become a candidate for the office of district
975	attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next regular general
976	election shall:
977	(i) file a declaration of candidacy with the clerk designated in the interlocal agreement
978	creating the prosecution district on or after January 1 of the regular general election year, and
979	before the earlier of:
980	(A) before the individual circulates nomination petitions under Section 20A-9-405;
981	[and] <u>or</u>
982	(B) 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and
983	(ii) pay the filing fee.
984	(b) The designated clerk shall provide to the county clerk of each county in the
985	prosecution district a certified copy of each declaration of candidacy filed for the office of

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987 $[\frac{(3)}{(3)}]$ (7) (a) Before the applicable deadline described in Subsection $[\frac{(1)(b)}{(2)}]$ (2) or (3), 988 each lieutenant governor candidate shall: 989 (i) file a declaration of candidacy with the lieutenant governor; 990 (ii) pay the filing fee; and 991 (iii) submit a letter from a candidate for governor who has received certification for the 992 primary-election ballot under Section 20A-9-403, 20A-9-407, 20A-9-408, or 20A-9-409.5 that 993 names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket running mate. 994 (b) (i) A candidate for lieutenant governor who fails to timely file is disqualified. 995 (ii) If a candidate for lieutenant governor is disqualified, another candidate may file to 996 replace the disqualified candidate. 997 [(4)] (8) Before 5 p.m. no later than August 31, each registered political party shall: 998 (a) certify the names of the political party's candidates for president and vice president 999 of the United States to the lieutenant governor; or 1000 (b) provide written authorization for the lieutenant governor to accept the certification of candidates for president and vice president of the United States from the national office of 1001 1002 the registered political party. 1003 [(5)] (9) (a) A declaration of candidacy filed under this section is valid unless a written 1004 objection is filed with the clerk or lieutenant governor before 5 p.m. within five days after the 1005 last day for filing. 1006 (b) If an objection is made, the clerk or lieutenant governor shall: 1007 (i) mail or personally deliver notice of the objection to the affected candidate 1008 immediately; and 1009 (ii) decide any objection within 48 hours after [it] the objection is filed. 1010 (c) If the clerk or lieutenant governor sustains the objection, the candidate may cure the 1011 problem by amending the declaration or petition before 5 p.m. within three days after the day 1012 on which the objection is sustained or by filing a new declaration before 5 p.m. within three 1013 days after the day on which the objection is sustained. 1014 (d) (i) The clerk's or lieutenant governor's decision upon objections to form is final.

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(ii) The clerk's or lieutenant governor's decision upon substantive matters is reviewable

(iii) The decision of the district court is final unless the Supreme Court, in the exercise

by a district court if prompt application is made to the court.

1018	of its discretion, agrees to review the lower court decision.
1019	[(6)] (10) Any person who [filed] files a declaration of candidacy may withdraw as a
1020	candidate by filing a written affidavit with the clerk.
1021	[(7)] <u>(11)</u> (a) Except for a candidate who is certified by a registered political party
1022	under Subsection [(4)] (8), and except as provided in Section 20A-9-504, before 5 p.m. no later
1023	than August 31 of a general election year, each individual running as a candidate for vice
1024	president of the United States shall:
1025	(i) file a declaration of candidacy, in person or via a designated agent, on a form
1026	developed by the lieutenant governor, that:
1027	(A) contains the individual's name, address, and telephone number;
1028	(B) states that the individual meets the qualifications for the office of vice president of
1029	the United States;
1030	(C) names the presidential candidate, who has qualified for the general election ballot,
1031	with which the individual is running as a joint-ticket running mate;
1032	(D) states that the individual agrees to be the running mate of the presidential candidate
1033	described in Subsection $[(7)]$ (11) (a)(i)(C); and
1034	(E) contains any other necessary information identified by the lieutenant governor;
1035	(ii) pay the filing fee; and
1036	(iii) submit a letter from the presidential candidate described in Subsection [(7)]
1037	(11)(a)(i)(C) that names the individual as a joint-ticket running mate as a vice presidential
1038	candidate.
1039	(b) A designated agent described in Subsection [(7)] (11)(a)(i) may not sign the
1040	declaration of candidacy.
1041	(c) A vice presidential candidate who fails to meet the requirements described in this
1042	Subsection $[(7)]$ (11) may not appear on the general election ballot.
1043	[(8)] (12) An individual filing a declaration of candidacy for president or vice president
1044	of the United States shall pay a filing fee of \$500.
1045	Section 13. Section 20A-9-402.5 is enacted to read:
1046	20A-9-402.5. Indication of affiliation on regular general election ballot.
1047	(1) Each registered political party that chooses to have the names of the registered

political party's candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a

1049	regular general election shall timely certify as a class A, B, or C registered political party under
1050	Section 20A-9-102 and comply with the requirements of this chapter in relation to the class
1051	certified by the registered political party.
1052	(2) A filing officer may not permit an official ballot at a regular general election to be
1053	produced or used if the ballot denotes affiliation between a political party or any other political
1054	group and a candidate for elective office unless the candidate is:
1055	(a) a member of a class A, B, or C registered political party; and
1056	(b) nominated by the candidate's registered political party in the manner specified for
1057	the class certified by the candidate's registered political party.
1058	(3) This section does not affect a candidate's ability to qualify for a regular general
1059	election's ballot as an unaffiliated candidate under Section 20A-9-501 or to participate in a
1060	regular general election as a write-in candidate under Section 20A-9-601.
1061	Section 14. Section 20A-9-402.7 is enacted to read:
1062	20A-9-402.7. Class D registered political party Requirements Duties of
1063	lieutenant governor.
1064	The following provisions apply to a class D registered political party:
1065	(1) an individual may only seek the nomination of the registered political party using
1066	the internal process designated by the registered political party;
1067	(2) (a) by timely certifying as a class D registered political party under Section
1068	20A-9-102, the registered political party voluntarily agrees:
1069	(i) to permit a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political
1070	party's nomination for any elective office by a means other than the means required for a class
1071	A, B, or C registered political party;
1072	(ii) that the registered political party will not participate in the regular primary election;
1073	<u>and</u>
1074	(iii) that the registered political party's nominees will appear on the general election
1075	ballot without any indication of party affiliation or affiliation with any other political group; or
1076	(b) by failing to timely certify as a class A, B, C, or D registered political party under
1077	Section 20A-9-102, is not entitled to, and is not permitted to:
1078	(i) participate in the regular primary election; or
1079	(ii) have the registered political party's nominees appear on the general election ballot

1080	with any indication of party affiliation or affiliation with any other political group;
1081	(3) the registered political party shall, before the deadline described in Subsection
1082	20A-9-202(3)(b), certify to the lieutenant governor the registered political party's nominee for
1083	each office; and
1084	(4) the lieutenant governor shall include the registered political party's nominee for
1085	each office on the general election ballot without any indication of party affiliation or
1086	affiliation with any other political group.
1087	Section 15. Section 20A-9-403 is amended to read:
1088	20A-9-403. Regular primary elections for class C registered political party.
1089	[(1) (a) Candidates for elective office that are to be filled at the next regular general
1090	election shall be nominated in a regular primary election by direct vote of the people in the
1091	manner prescribed in this section. The regular primary election is held on the date specified in
1092	Section 20A-1-201.5. Nothing in this section shall affect a candidate's ability to qualify for a
1093	regular general election's ballot as an unaffiliated candidate under Section 20A-9-501 or to
1094	participate in a regular general election as a write-in candidate under Section 20A-9-601.]
1095	[(b) Each registered political party that chooses to have the names of the registered
1096	political party's candidates for elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a
1097	regular general election shall comply with the requirements of this section and shall nominate
1098	the registered political party's candidates for elective office in the manner described in this
1099	section.]
1100	[(c) A filing officer may not permit an official ballot at a regular general election to be
1101	produced or used if the ballot denotes affiliation between a registered political party or any
1102	other political group and a candidate for elective office who is not nominated in the manner
1103	prescribed in this section or in Subsection 20A-9-202(4).]
1104	[(d) Unless noted otherwise, the dates in this section refer to those that occur in each
1105	even-numbered year in which a regular general election will be held.]
1106	[(2) (a) Each registered political party, in a statement filed with the lieutenant governor,
1107	shall:]
1108	[(i) either declare the registered political party's intent to participate in the next regular
1109	primary election or declare that the registered political party chooses not to have the names of

the registered political party's candidates for elective office featured on the ballot at the next

1111	regular general election, and
1112	[(ii) if the registered political party participates in the upcoming regular primary
1113	election, identify one or more registered political parties whose members may vote for the
1114	registered political party's candidates and whether individuals identified as unaffiliated with a
1115	political party may vote for the registered political party's candidates.]
1116	[(b) (i) A registered political party that is a continuing political party shall file the
1117	statement described in Subsection (2)(a) with the lieutenant governor no later than 5 p.m. on
1118	November 30 of each odd-numbered year.]
1119	[(ii) An organization that is seeking to become a registered political party under
1120	Section 20A-8-103 shall file the statement described in Subsection (2)(a) at the time that the
1121	registered political party files the petition described in Section 20A-8-103.]
1122	[(3) (a) Except]
1123	The following provisions apply to a class C registered political party:
1124	(1) by timely certifying as a class C registered political party under Section 20A-9-102,
1125	the registered political party voluntarily agrees to permit a member of the registered political
1126	party to seek the registered political party's nomination for any elective office by signature
1127	only, in accordance with this section;
1128	(2) except as provided in Subsection [$(3)(e)$] (6), an individual who submits a
1129	declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-202 for a class C registered political party shall
1130	appear as a candidate for elective office on the regular primary ballot of the registered political
1131	party listed on the declaration of candidacy only if the individual is certified by the appropriate
1132	filing officer as having submitted a set of nomination petitions that was:
1133	[(i)] (a) circulated and completed in accordance with Section 20A-9-405; and
1134	[(ii)] (b) signed by at least 2% of the registered political party's members who reside in
1135	the political division of the office that the individual seeks[-];
1136	$[\underline{(b)(i)}]$ $[\underline{A}]$ \underline{a} candidate for elective office for a class C registered political party:
1137	(a) shall submit nomination petitions to the appropriate filing officer for verification
1138	and certification no later than 5 p.m. on the final day in March[-]; and
1139	[(ii) A candidate] (b) may supplement the candidate's submissions at any time on or
1140	before the filing deadline[-];
1141	[(c) (i) The] (4) the lieutenant governor shall:

1142	(a) determine for each elective office the total number of signatures that must be
1143	submitted under Subsection [(3)(a)(ii)] (2)(b) or 20A-9-408[(8)](6) by counting the aggregate
1144	number of individuals residing in each elective office's political division who have designated a
1145	particular registered political party on the individuals' voter registration forms on or before
1146	November 15 of each odd-numbered year[-]; and
1147	[(ii) The lieutenant governor shall] (b) publish the determination for each elective
1148	office no later than November 30 of each odd-numbered year[-];
1149	[(d) The] <u>(5) the</u> filing officer shall:
1150	[(i)] (a) verify signatures on nomination petitions in a transparent and orderly manner,
1151	no later than 14 days after the day on which a candidate submits the signatures to the filing
1152	officer;
1153	[(ii)] (b) for all qualifying candidates for elective office who submit nomination
1154	petitions to the filing officer, issue certifications referenced in Subsection [(3)(a)] (2) no later
1155	than the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202[(1)(b)](3);
1156	[(iii)] (c) consider active and inactive voters eligible to sign nomination petitions;
1157	[(iv)] (d) consider an individual who signs a nomination petition a member of a
1158	registered political party for purposes of Subsection [(3)(a)(ii)] (2)(b) if the individual has
1159	designated that registered political party as the individual's party membership on the
1160	individual's voter registration form; and
1161	[(v)] (e) utilize procedures described in Section 20A-7-206.3 to verify submitted
1162	nomination petition signatures[, or use statistical sampling procedures to verify submitted
1163	nomination petition signatures in accordance with rules made under Subsection (3)(f).]; and
1164	[(e) Notwithstanding] (6) notwithstanding any other provision in this [Subsection (3)]
1165	section, a candidate for lieutenant governor may appear on the regular primary ballot of a class
1166	$\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ registered political party without submitting nomination petitions if the candidate files a
1167	declaration of candidacy and complies with Subsection 20A-9-202[(3)](7).
1168	[(f) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
1169	director of elections, within the Office of the Lieutenant Governor, may make rules that:]
1170	[(i) provide for the use of statistical sampling procedures that:]
1171	[(A) filing officers are required to use to verify signatures under Subsection (3)(d);
1172	and]

11/3	(B) reflect a bona fide effort to determine the validity of a candidate's entire
1174	submission, using widely recognized statistical sampling techniques; and]
1175	[(ii) provide for the transparent, orderly, and timely submission, verification, and
1176	certification of nomination petition signatures.]
1177	[(g) The county clerk shall:]
1178	[(i) review the declarations of candidacy filed by candidates for local boards of
1179	education to determine if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat;]
1180	[(ii) place the names of all candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy for a
1181	local board of education seat on the nonpartisan section of the ballot if more than two
1182	candidates have filed for the same seat; and]
1183	[(iii) determine the order of the local board of education candidates' names on the
1184	ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305.]
1185	[(4) (a) Before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c), the lieutenant
1186	governor shall provide to the county clerks:]
1187	[(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single
1188	county, and county offices who have received certifications under Subsection (3), along with
1189	instructions on how those names shall appear on the primary election ballot in accordance with
1190	Section 20A-6-305; and]
1191	[(ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a
1192	registered political party under Subsection (5)(c) and instruct the county clerks to exclude the
1193	unopposed candidates from the primary election ballot.]
1194	[(b) A candidate for lieutenant governor and a candidate for governor campaigning as
1195	joint-ticket running mates shall appear jointly on the primary election ballot.]
1196	[(c) After the county clerk receives the certified list from the lieutenant governor under
1197	Subsection (4)(a), the county clerk shall post or publish a primary election notice in
1198	substantially the following form:
1199	["Notice is given that a primary election will be held Tuesday, June,
1200	(year), to nominate party candidates for the parties and candidates for nonpartisan
1201	local school board positions listed on the primary ballot. The polling place for voting precinct
1202	is The polls will open at 7 a.m. and continue open until 8 p.m. of the same day.
1203	Attest: county clerk."]

1204	(5) (a) A candidate who, at the regular primary election, receives the highest number
1205	of votes cast for the office sought by the candidate is:]
1206	[(i) nominated for that office by the candidate's registered political party; or]
1207	[(ii) for a nonpartisan local school board position, nominated for that office.]
1208	[(b) If two or more candidates are to be elected to the office at the regular general
1209	election, those party candidates equal in number to positions to be filled who receive the
1210	highest number of votes at the regular primary election are the nominees of the candidates'
1211	party for those positions.]
1212	[(c) (i) As used in this Subsection (5)(c), a candidate is "unopposed" if:]
1213	[(A) no individual other than the candidate receives a certification under Subsection (3)
1214	for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's registered political party for a
1215	particular elective office; or]
1216	[(B) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the
1217	number of candidates who receive certification under Subsection (3) for the regular primary
1218	election of the candidate's registered political party does not exceed the total number of
1219	candidates to be elected or nominated for that office.]
1220	[(ii) A candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary election
1221	of a registered political party is nominated by the party for that office without appearing on the
1222	primary election ballot.]
1223	[(6) (a) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any national, state, or other
1224	office that represents more than one county, the governor, lieutenant governor, and attorney
1225	general shall, at a public meeting called by the governor and in the presence of the candidates
1226	involved, select the nominee by lot cast in whatever manner the governor determines.]
1227	[(b) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any county office, the district
1228	court judges of the district in which the county is located shall, at a public meeting called by
1229	the judges and in the presence of the candidates involved, select the nominee by lot cast in
1230	whatever manner the judges determine.]
1231	[(7) The expense of providing all ballots, blanks, or other supplies to be used at any
1232	primary election provided for by this section, and all expenses necessarily incurred in the
1233	preparation for or the conduct of that primary election shall be paid out of the treasury of the
1234	county or state, in the same manner as for the regular general elections.]

1235	[(8) An individual may not file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political
1236	party of which the individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political
1237	party permits otherwise under the registered political party's bylaws.]
1238	Section 16. Section 20A-9-403.5 is enacted to read:
1239	20A-9-403.5. Local boards of education Ballot placement.
1240	The county clerk shall:
1241	(1) review the declarations of candidacy filed by candidates for local boards of
1242	education to determine if more than two candidates have filed for the same seat;
1243	(2) place the names of all candidates who have filed a declaration of candidacy for a
1244	local board of education seat on the nonpartisan section of the ballot if more than two
1245	candidates have filed for the same seat; and
1246	(3) determine the order of the local board of education candidates' names on the ballot
1247	in accordance with Section 20A-6-305.
1248	Section 17. Section 20A-9-403.7 is enacted to read:
1249	20A-9-403.7. List of qualified candidates for primary election ballot Notice of
1250	primary election Nominee selected at primary election Election expenses Party
1251	membership.
1252	(1) (a) Before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c), the lieutenant
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	governor shall provide to the county clerks:
1254	governor shall provide to the county clerks: (i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single
1254 1255	
1255	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single
	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have qualified for placement on the primary election ballot,
1255 1256	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have qualified for placement on the primary election ballot, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the ballot in accordance with
1255 1256 1257	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have qualified for placement on the primary election ballot, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and
1255 1256 1257 1258	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have qualified for placement on the primary election ballot, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and (ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a
1255 1256 1257 1258 1259	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have qualified for placement on the primary election ballot, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and (ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a registered political party under Subsection (2)(c) and instruct the county clerks to exclude the
1255 1256 1257 1258 1259 1260 1261	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have qualified for placement on the primary election ballot, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and (ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a registered political party under Subsection (2)(c) and instruct the county clerks to exclude the unopposed candidates from the primary election ballot.
1255 1256 1257 1258 1259 1260 1261 1262	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have qualified for placement on the primary election ballot, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and (ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a registered political party under Subsection (2)(c) and instruct the county clerks to exclude the unopposed candidates from the primary election ballot. (b) A candidate for lieutenant governor and a candidate for governor campaigning as
1255 1256 1257 1258 1259 1260	(i) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single county, and county offices who have qualified for placement on the primary election ballot, along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the ballot in accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and (ii) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a registered political party under Subsection (2)(c) and instruct the county clerks to exclude the unopposed candidates from the primary election ballot. (b) A candidate for lieutenant governor and a candidate for governor campaigning as joint-ticket running mates shall appear jointly on the primary election ballot.

1266	"Notice is given that a primary election will be held Tuesday, June,
1267	(year), to nominate party candidates for the parties and candidates for nonpartisan
1268	local school board positions listed on the primary ballot. The polling place for voting precinct
1269	is The polls will open at 7 a.m. and remain open until 8 p.m. of the same day.
1270	Attest: county clerk."
1271	(2) (a) A candidate who, at the regular primary election, receives the highest number of
1272	votes cast for the office sought by the candidate is:
1273	(i) nominated for that office by the candidate's registered political party; or
1274	(ii) for a nonpartisan local school board position, nominated for that office.
1275	(b) If two or more candidates are to be elected to the office at the regular general
1276	election, those party candidates equal in number to positions to be filled who receive the
1277	highest number of votes at the regular primary election are the nominees of the candidates'
1278	party for those positions.
1279	(c) (i) As used in this Subsection (2)(c), a candidate is "unopposed" if:
1280	(A) no individual other than the candidate qualifies for placement on the regular
1281	primary election ballot for the candidate's registered political party for a particular elective
1282	office; or
1283	(B) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the
1284	number of candidates who qualify for the regular primary election ballot for the candidate's
1285	registered political party does not exceed the total number of candidates to be elected or
1286	nominated for that office.
1287	(ii) A candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary election
1288	of a registered political party is nominated by the party for that office without appearing on the
1289	primary election ballot.
1290	(3) (a) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any national, state, or other
1291	office that represents more than one county, the governor, lieutenant governor, and attorney
1292	general shall, at a public meeting called by the governor and in the presence of the candidates
1293	involved, select the nominee by lot cast in whatever manner the governor determines.
1294	(b) When a tie vote occurs in any primary election for any county office, the district
1295	court judges of the district in which the county is located shall, at a public meeting called by
1296	the judges and in the presence of the candidates involved, select the nominee by lot cast in

12) / Whatever mainer the judges determine	1297	whatever m	anner the	judges	determine
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- (4) The expense of providing all ballots, blanks, or other supplies to be used at any primary election provided for by this section, and all expenses necessarily incurred in the preparation for or the conduct of that primary election shall be paid out of the treasury of the county or state, in the same manner as for the regular general elections.
- (5) An individual may not file a declaration of candidacy for a registered political party of which the individual is not a member, except to the extent that the registered political party permits otherwise under the registered political party's bylaws.
 - Section 18. Section **20A-9-405** is amended to read:

20A-9-405. Nomination petitions for regular primary elections.

- (1) This section [shall apply] applies to the form and circulation of nomination petitions for regular primary elections [described in Subsection 20A-9-403(3)(a)] for a class B or C registered political party.
- (2) A candidate for elective office, and the agents of the candidate, may not circulate nomination petitions until the candidate [has submitted] submits a declaration of candidacy in accordance with Subsection $20A-9-202[\frac{1}{2}](2)$.
 - (3) The nomination petitions shall be in substantially the following form:
 - (a) the petition shall be printed on paper 8-1/2 inches long and 11 inches wide;
- (b) the petition shall be ruled with a horizontal line 3/4 inch from the top, with the space above that line blank for purposes of binding;
- (c) the petition shall be headed by a caption stating the purpose of the petition and the name of the proposed candidate;
- (d) the petition shall feature the word "Warning" followed by the following statement in no less than eight-point, single leaded type: "It is a class A misdemeanor for anyone to knowingly sign a certificate of nomination signature sheet with any name other than the person's own name or more than once for the same candidate or if the person is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to become registered to vote in this state before signatures are certified by a filing officer.";
- (e) the petition shall feature 10 lines spaced one-half inch apart and consecutively numbered one through 10;
 - (f) the signature portion of the petition shall be divided into columns headed by the

1328	following titles:
1329	(i) Registered Voter's Printed Name;
1330	(ii) Signature of Registered Voter;
1331	(iii) Party Affiliation of Registered Voter;
1332	(iv) Birth Date or Age (Optional);
1333	(v) Street Address, City, Zip Code; and
1334	(vi) Date of Signature; and
1335	(g) a photograph of the candidate may appear on the nomination petition.
1336	(4) If one or more nomination petitions are bound together, a page shall be bound to
1337	the nomination petition(s) that features the following printed verification statement to be signed
1338	and dated by the petition circulator:
1339	"Verification
1340	State of Utah, County of
1341	I,, of, hereby state that:
1342	I am a Utah resident and am at least 18 years old;
1343	All the names that appear on the signature sheets bound to this page were, to the best of
1344	my knowledge, signed by the persons who professed to be the persons whose names appear on
1345	the signature sheets, and each of them signed the person's name on the signature sheets in my
1346	presence;
1347	I believe that each has printed and signed the person's name and written the person's
1348	street address correctly, and that each signer is registered to vote in Utah or will register to vote
1349	in Utah before the county clerk certifies the signatures on the signature sheet."
1350	(5) The lieutenant governor shall prepare and make public model nomination petition
1351	forms and associated instructions.
1352	(6) A nomination petition circulator must be at least18 years old and a resident of the
1353	state, but may affiliate with any political party.
1354	(7) It is unlawful for [any] a person to:
1355	(a) knowingly sign the nomination petition sheet described in Subsection (3):
1356	(i) with any name other than the person's own name;
1357	(ii) more than once for the same candidate; or
1358	(iii) if the person is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to become

1359	registered to vote in this state prior to 5 p.m. on the final day in March;
1360	(b) sign the verification of a certificate of nomination signature sheet described in
1361	Subsection (4) if the person:
1362	(i) does not meet the residency requirements of Section 20A-2-105;
1363	(ii) has not witnessed the signing by those persons whose names appear on the
1364	certificate of nomination signature sheet; or
1365	(iii) knows that a person whose signature appears on the certificate of nomination
1366	signature sheet is not registered to vote in this state and does not intend to become registered to
1367	vote in this state;
1368	(c) pay compensation to any person to sign a nomination petition; or
1369	(d) pay compensation to any person to circulate a nomination petition, if the
1370	compensation is based directly on the number of signatures submitted to a filing officer rather
1371	than on the number of signatures verified or on some other basis.
1372	(8) Any person violating Subsection (7) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
1373	[(9) Withdrawal of petition signatures shall not be permitted.]
1374	(9) An individual who signs a petition described in this section may not withdraw the
1375	individual's signature from the petition.
1376	Section 19. Section 20A-9-406 is amended to read:
1377	20A-9-406. Class B registered political party.
1378	The following provisions apply to a [qualified] class B registered political party:
1379	[(1) the qualified political party shall, no later than 5 p.m. on November 30 of each
1380	odd-numbered year, certify to the lieutenant governor the identity of one or more registered
1381	political parties whose members may vote for the qualified political party's candidates and
1382	whether unaffiliated voters may vote for the qualified political party's candidates;]
1383	[(2) the following provisions do not apply to a nomination for the qualified political
1384	party:]
1385	[(a) Subsections 20A-9-403(1) through (3)(b) and (3)(d) through (4)(a);]
1386	[(b) Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c); and
1387	[(c) Section 20A-9-405;]
1388	[(3)] (1) an individual may only seek the nomination of the [qualified] registered
1389	political party by using a method described in Section 20A-9-407, Section 20A-9-408, or both;

1390	(2) by timely certifying as a class B registered political party under Section 20A-9-102,
1391	the political party voluntarily agrees:
1392	(a) (i) to permit a delegate for the registered political party to vote on a candidate
1393	nomination in the registered political party's convention remotely; or
1394	(ii) to provide a procedure for designating an alternate delegate if a delegate is not
1395	present at the registered political party's convention;
1396	(b) to hold the registered political party's convention no earlier than the fourth Saturday
1397	in March of an even-numbered year; and
1398	(c) to permit a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political
1399	party's nomination for any elective office by the member choosing to seek the nomination by
1400	either or both of the following methods:
1401	(i) seeking the nomination through the registered political party's convention process,
1402	in accordance with the provisions of Section 20A-9-407; or
1403	(ii) seeking the nomination by collecting signatures, in accordance with the provisions
1404	of Section 20A-9-408;
1405	[(4)] (3) the [qualified] registered political party shall comply with the provisions of
1406	Sections 20A-9-407, 20A-9-408, and 20A-9-409; and
1407	[(5) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-301(1)(a), (1)(e), or (2)(a), each election officer
1408	shall ensure that a ballot described in Section 20A-6-301 includes each individual nominated
1409	by a qualified political party:
1410	[(a) under the qualified political party's name, if any; or]
1411	[(b) under the title of the qualified registered political party as designated by the
1412	qualified political party in the certification described in Subsection (1), or, if none is
1413	designated, then under some suitable title;]
1414	[(6) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-302(1)(a), each election officer shall ensure,
1415	for ballots in regular general elections, that each candidate who is nominated by the qualified
1416	political party is listed by party;]
1417	[(7) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-6-304(1)(e), each election officer shall ensure
1418	that the party designation of each candidate who is nominated by the qualified political party is
1419	displayed adjacent to the candidate's name on a mechanical ballot;]
1420	[(8) "candidates for elective office," defined in Subsection 20A-9-101(1)(a), also

1421	includes an individual who files a declaration of candidacy under Section 20A-9-40/ or
1422	20A-9-408 to run in a regular general election for a federal office, constitutional office,
1423	multicounty office, or county office;]
1424	[(9) an individual who is nominated by, or seeking the nomination of, the qualified
1425	political party is not required to comply with Subsection 20A-9-201(1)(c);]
1426	[(10) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(3), the qualified political party is entitled
1427	to have each of the qualified political party's candidates for elective office appear on the
1428	primary ballot of the qualified political party with an indication that each candidate is a
1429	candidate for the qualified political party;]
1430	[(11) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(4)(a), the lieutenant governor shall
1431	include on the list provided by the lieutenant governor to the county clerks:]
1432	[(a) the names of all candidates of the qualified political party for federal,
1433	constitutional, multicounty, and county offices; and]
1434	[(b) the names of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated
1435	by the qualified political party and instruct the county clerks to exclude such candidates from
1436	the primary-election ballot;]
1437	[(12) notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-403(5)(c),]
1438	(4) a candidate who is unopposed for an elective office in the regular primary election
1439	of the [qualified] registered political party is nominated by the registered political party for that
1440	office without appearing on the primary ballot[; and].
1441	[(13) notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections 20A-9-403(1) and (2) and Section
1442	20A-9-405, the qualified political party is entitled to have the names of its candidates for
1443	elective office featured with party affiliation on the ballot at a regular general election.]
1444	Section 20. Section 20A-9-407 is amended to read:
1445	20A-9-407. Convention process to seek the nomination of a class B registered
1446	political party.
1447	(1) This section describes the requirements for a member of a [qualified] class B
1448	registered political party who is seeking the nomination of [a qualified] the registered political
1449	party for an elective office through the [qualified] registered political party's convention
1450	process.
1451	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(a), the form of the declaration of

- candidacy for a member of a [qualified] <u>class B registered</u> political party who is nominated by, or who is seeking the nomination of, the [qualified] <u>registered</u> political party under this section shall be substantially as described in Section 20A-9-408.5.
- [(3) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(4), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for an elective office that is to be filled at the next general election, shall:]
- [(a) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy in person with the filing officer on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and]
 - [(b) pay the filing fee.]
- [(4) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a member of a qualified political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the qualified political party for the office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution district that is to be filled at the next general election shall:]
- [(a) file a declaration of candidacy with the county clerk designated in the interlocal agreement creating the prosecution district on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and]
 - [(b) pay the filing fee.]
- [(5) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a lieutenant governor candidate who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a qualified political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall, before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b), file a declaration of candidacy and submit a letter from the candidate for governor that names the lieutenant governor candidate as a joint-ticket running mate.]
- [(6)] (3) (a) A [qualified] class B registered political party that nominates a candidate under this section shall certify the name of the candidate to the lieutenant governor before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202[(1)(b)](3).
- (b) The lieutenant governor shall include, in the primary ballot certification or, for a race where a primary is not held because the candidate is unopposed, in the general election ballot certification, the name of each candidate nominated by a [qualified] class B registered

1483	political party under this section.
1484	[(7) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-701(2), the ballot shall, for each candidate
1485	who is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified
1486	political party that nominated the candidate.]
1487	Section 21. Section 20A-9-408 is amended to read:
1488	20A-9-408. Signature-gathering process to seek the nomination of a class B
1489	registered political party.
1490	(1) This section describes the requirements for a member of a [qualified] class B
1491	registered political party who is seeking the nomination of the [qualified] registered political
1492	party for an elective office through the signature-gathering process described in this section.
1493	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(a), the form of the declaration of
1494	candidacy for a member of a [qualified] class B registered political party who is nominated by,
1495	or who is seeking the nomination of, the [qualified] registered political party under this section
1496	shall be substantially as described in Section 20A-9-408.5.
1497	(3) [Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(a), and except] Except as provided in
1498	Subsection 20A-9-202[(4)](8), a member of a [qualified] class B registered political party who,
1499	under this section, is seeking the nomination of the [qualified] registered political party for an
1500	elective office that is to be filled at the next general election shall[: (a)] within the period
1501	beginning on January 1 before the next regular general election and ending at 5 p.m. on the
1502	third Thursday in March of the same year, and before gathering signatures under this section,
1503	file with the filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant governor a notice of intent to
1504	gather signatures for candidacy that includes:
1505	[(i)] (a) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for $[a]$ the
1506	registered political party under this section;
1507	[(ii)] (b) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking
1508	nomination;
1509	[(iii)] (c) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate;
1510	[(iv)] (d) the address and telephone number of the member; and
1511	[v) other information required by the lieutenant governor $[x]$.
1512	[(b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy,

in person, with the filing officer on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on

1514	the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and]
1515	[(c) pay the filing fee.]
1516	(4) [Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(2)(a), a] A member of a [qualified] class
1517	B registered political party who, under this section, is seeking the nomination of the [qualified]
1518	registered political party for the office of district attorney within a multicounty prosecution
1519	district that is to be filled at the next general election shall[: (a)] on or after January 1 before the
1520	next regular general election, and before gathering signatures under this section, file with the
1521	filing officer on a form approved by the lieutenant governor a notice of intent to gather
1522	signatures for candidacy that includes:
1523	[(i)] (a) the name of the member who will attempt to become a candidate for $[a]$ the
1524	registered political party under this section;
1525	[(ii)] (b) the name of the registered political party for which the member is seeking
1526	nomination;
1527	[(iii)] (c) the office for which the member is seeking to become a candidate;
1528	[(iv)] (d) the address and telephone number of the member; and
1529	[(v)] (e) other information required by the lieutenant governor[;].
1530	[(b) except as provided in Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(c), file a declaration of candidacy,
1531	in person, with the filing officer on or after the second Friday in March and before 5 p.m. on
1532	the third Thursday in March before the next regular general election; and]
1533	[(c) pay the filing fee.]
1534	(5) [Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-202(3)(a)(iii), a] A lieutenant governor
1535	candidate who files as the joint-ticket running mate of an individual who is nominated by a
1536	[qualified] class B registered political party, under this section, for the office of governor shall,
1537	before the deadline described in Subsection 20A-9-202[(1)(b)](2), file a declaration of
1538	candidacy and submit a letter from the candidate for governor that names the lieutenant
1539	governor candidate as a joint-ticket running mate.
1540	[(6) The lieutenant governor shall ensure that the certification described in Subsection
1541	20A-9-701(1) also includes the name of each candidate nominated by a qualified political party
1542	under this section.]
1543	[(7) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-701(2), the ballot shall, for each candidate
1544	who is nominated by a qualified political party under this section, designate the qualified

1545 political party that nominated the candidate.]

- [(8)] (6) A member of a [qualified] class B registered political party may seek the nomination of the [qualified] registered political party for an elective office by:
 - (a) complying with the requirements described in this section; and
- (b) collecting signatures, on a form approved by the lieutenant governor, during the period beginning on January 1 of an even-numbered year and ending at 5 p.m. 14 days before the day on which the [qualified] registered political party's convention for the office is held, in the following amounts:
- (i) for a statewide race, [28,000] 2,800 signatures of registered voters in the state who are permitted by the [qualified] registered political party to vote for the [qualified] registered political party's candidates in a primary election;
- (ii) for a congressional district race, [7,000] 700 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the congressional district and are permitted by the [qualified] registered political party to vote for the [qualified] registered political party's candidates in a primary election;
- (iii) for a state Senate district race, [2,000] 200 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the state Senate district and are permitted by the [qualified] registered political party to vote for the [qualified] registered political party's candidates in a primary election;
- (iv) for a state House district race, [1,000] 100 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the state House district and are permitted by the [qualified] registered political party to vote for the [qualified] registered political party's candidates in a primary election;
 - (v) for a State Board of Education race, the lesser of:
- (A) [2,000] 200 signatures of registered voters who are residents of the State Board of Education district and are permitted by the [qualified] registered political party to vote for the [qualified] registered political party's candidates in a primary election; or
- (B) the signatures of 3% of the registered voters [of the qualified political party] who are residents of the [applicable] State Board of Education district and are permitted by the registered political party to vote for the registered political party's candidates in a primary election; and
- (vi) for a county office race, signatures of 3% of the registered voters who are residents of the area permitted to vote for the county office and are permitted by the [qualified] registered political party to vote for the [qualified] registered political party's candidates in a

primary election.

- [(9)] (7) (a) In order for a member of the [qualified] class B registered political party to qualify as a candidate for the [qualified] registered political party's nomination for an elective office under this section, the member shall:
- (i) collect the signatures on a form approved by the lieutenant governor, using the same circulation and verification requirements described in Sections 20A-7-204 and 20A-7-205; and
- (ii) submit the signatures to the election officer before 5 p.m. no later than 14 days before the day on which the [qualified] registered political party holds the registered political party's convention to select candidates, for the elective office, for the [qualified] registered political party's nomination.
- (b) An individual may not gather signatures under this section until after the individual files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in this section.
- (c) An individual who files a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy, described in Subsection (3)[(a)] or (4)[(a)], is, beginning on the day on which the individual files the notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy:
- (i) required to comply with the reporting requirements that a candidate for office is required to comply with; and
- (ii) subject to the same enforcement provisions, and civil and criminal penalties, that apply to a candidate for office in relation to the reporting requirements described in Subsection [9] (7)(c)(i).
- (d) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections [(8) and (9)] (6) and (7)(a), the election officer shall, no later than the earlier of 14 days after the day on which the election officer receives the signatures, or one day before the day on which the [qualified] class B registered political party holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office to which the signature packets relate:
- (i) check the name of each individual who completes the verification for a signature packet to determine whether each individual is a resident of Utah and is at least 18 years old;
- (ii) submit the name of each individual described in Subsection [(9)] (7)(d)(i) who is not a Utah resident or who is not at least 18 years old to the attorney general and the county attorney;
 - (iii) determine whether each signer is a registered voter who is qualified to sign the

1607 petition, using the same method, described in Section 20A-7-206.3, used to verify a signature 1608 on a petition; and 1609 (iv) certify whether each name is that of a registered voter who is qualified to sign the 1610 signature packet. 1611 (e) Upon timely receipt of the signatures described in Subsections [(8) and (9)] (6) and 1612 (7)(a), the election officer shall, no later than one day before the day on which the [qualified] class B registered political party holds the convention to select a nominee for the elective office 1613 to which the signature packets relate, notify the [qualified] registered political party and the 1614 1615 lieutenant governor of the name of each member of the [qualified] registered political party who qualifies as a nominee of the [qualified] registered political party, under this section, for 1616 1617 the elective office to which the convention relates. 1618 (f) Upon receipt of a notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy described in 1619 this section, the lieutenant governor shall post the notice of intent to gather signatures for candidacy on the lieutenant governor's website in the same location that the lieutenant governor 1620 1621 posts a declaration of candidacy. Section 22. Section **20A-9-408.5** is amended to read: 1622 20A-9-408.5. Declaration of candidacy form for class B registered political party. 1623 [The] Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-201(7)(a), the declaration of candidacy form 1624 1625 [described in Sections 20A-9-407 and 20A-9-408] for a class B registered political party shall: 1626 (1) be substantially as follows: 1627 "State of Utah, County of I, , declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of 1628 as a candidate for the party. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications 1629 1630 to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at in the City or Town of ____, Utah, Zip Code _____, Phone No. ____; I will not knowingly violate 1631 1632 any law governing campaigns and elections: I will file all campaign financial disclosure reports 1633 as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and removal of my name from the ballot. The mailing address that I 1634 1635 designate for receiving official election notices is 1636 1637

1638	Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year). Notary Public (or
1639	other officer qualified to administer oath).";
1640	(2) direct the candidate to state, in the sworn statement described in Subsection (1):
1641	(a) the registered political party of which the candidate is a member; or
1642	(b) that the candidate is not a member of a registered political party; and
1643	(3) direct the candidate to indicate whether the candidate is seeking the nomination
1644	using:
1645	(a) the convention process described in Section 20A-9-407;
1646	(b) the signature-gathering process described in Section 20A-9-408; or
1647	(c) both processes described in Subsections (3)(a) and (b).
1648	Section 23. Section 20A-9-409 is amended to read:
1649	20A-9-409. Primary election provisions relating to class B registered political
1650	party.
1651	(1) The regular primary election is held on the date specified in Section 20A-1-201.5.
1652	(2) (a) A [qualified] class B registered political party that nominates one or more
1653	candidates for an elective office under Section 20A-9-407 and does not have a candidate
1654	qualify as a candidate for that office under Section 20A-9-408, may, but is not required to,
1655	participate in the primary election for that office.
1656	(b) A [qualified] class B registered political party that has only one candidate qualify as
1657	a candidate for an elective office under Section 20A-9-408 and does not nominate a candidate
1658	for that office under Section 20A-9-407, may, but is not required to, participate in the primary
1659	election for that office.
1660	(c) A [qualified] class B registered political party that nominates one or more
1661	candidates for an elective office under Section 20A-9-407 and has one or more candidates
1662	qualify as a candidate for that office under Section 20A-9-408 shall participate in the primary
1663	election for that office.
1664	(d) A [qualified] class B registered political party that has two or more candidates
1665	qualify as candidates for an elective office under Section 20A-9-408 and does not nominate a
1666	candidate for that office under Section 20A-9-407 shall participate in the primary election for
1667	that office.
1668	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), in an opt-in county, as defined in Section

lieutenant governor.

1669	17-52a-201 or 17-52a-202, a [qualified] class B registered political party shall participate in the
1670	primary election for a county commission office if:
1671	(a) there is more than one:
1672	(i) open position as defined in Section 17-52a-201; or
1673	(ii) midterm vacancy as defined in Section 17-52a-201; and
1674	(b) the number of candidates nominated under Section 20A-9-407 or qualified under
1675	Section 20A-9-408 for the respective open positions or midterm vacancies exceeds the number
1676	of respective open positions or midterm vacancies.
1677	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), a candidate is "unopposed" if:
1678	(i) no individual other than the candidate receives a certification, from the appropriate
1679	filing officer, for the regular primary election ballot of the candidate's registered political party
1680	for a particular elective office; or
1681	(ii) for an office where more than one individual is to be elected or nominated, the
1682	number of candidates who receive certification, from the appropriate filing officer, for the
1683	regular primary election of the candidate's registered political party does not exceed the total
1684	number of candidates to be elected or nominated for that office.
1685	(b) Before the deadline described in Subsection (4)(c), the lieutenant governor shall:
1686	(i) provide to the county clerks:
1687	(A) a list of the names of all candidates for federal, constitutional, multi-county, single
1688	county, and county offices who have received certifications from the appropriate filing officer,
1689	along with instructions on how those names shall appear on the primary election ballot in
1690	accordance with Section 20A-6-305; and
1691	(B) a list of unopposed candidates for elective office who have been nominated by a
1692	registered political party; and
1693	(ii) instruct the county clerks to exclude unopposed candidates from the primary
1694	election ballot.
1695	(c) The deadline described in Subsection (4)(b) is 5 p.m. on the first Wednesday after
1696	the third Saturday in April.
1697	Section 24. Section 20A-9-409.5 is enacted to read:
1698	20A-9-409.5. Class A registered political party Requirements Duties of

1700	The following provisions apply to a class A registered political party:
1701	(1) an individual may only seek the nomination of the registered political party using
1702	the registered political party's convention process;
1703	(2) by timely certifying as a class A registered political party under Section 20A-9-102,
1704	the registered political party voluntarily agrees:
1705	(a) to permit a member of the registered political party to seek the registered political
1706	party's nomination for any elective office via party convention only; and
1707	(b) that the two candidates who receive the highest number of votes for each office at
1708	convention will compete for the nomination in a primary election unless one candidate receives
1709	at least 70% of the votes cast at convention for that office;
1710	(3) the registered political party shall, before the deadline described in Subsection
1711	20A-9-202(3), certify to the lieutenant governor:
1712	(a) the two candidates who receive the highest number of votes for each office at
1713	convention to compete for the nomination in a primary election; or
1714	(b) if one candidate receives at least 70% of the votes cast at convention for that office,
1715	the name of that candidate as the nominee of the registered political party for that office; and
1716	(4) the lieutenant governor shall include:
1717	(a) on the regular primary election ballot for the registered political party, for the
1718	office, the two candidates described in Subsection (3)(a); or
1719	(b) if one candidate receives at least 70% of the votes cast at convention for the office,
1720	that candidate as the registered political party's nominee on the regular general election ballot
1721	for that office.
1722	Section 25. Section 20A-9-504 is amended to read:
1723	20A-9-504. Unaffiliated candidates Governor and president of the United
1724	States.
1725	(1) (a) Each unaffiliated candidate for governor shall, before 5 p.m. no later than July 1
1726	of the regular general election year, select a running mate to file as an unaffiliated candidate for
1727	the office of lieutenant governor.
1728	(b) The unaffiliated lieutenant governor candidate shall, before 5 p.m. no later than
1729	July 1 of the regular general election year, file as an unaffiliated candidate by following the
1730	procedures and requirements of this part.

1731 (2) (a) Each unaffiliated candidate for president of the United States shall, before 5 1732 p.m. no later than August 15 of a regular general election year, select a running mate to file as 1733 an unaffiliated candidate for the office of vice president of the United States. 1734 (b) Before 5 p.m. no later than August 15 of a regular general election year, the 1735 unaffiliated candidate for vice president of the United States described in Subsection (2)(a) 1736 shall comply with the requirements of Subsection 20A-9-202[(7)](11). Section 26. Section **20A-9-601** is amended to read: 1737 1738 20A-9-601. Qualifying as a write-in candidate. 1739 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), an individual who wishes to become a valid write-in candidate shall file a declaration of candidacy in person, or through a designated 1740 agent for a candidate for president or vice president of the United States, with the appropriate 1741 filing officer before 5 p.m. no later than 65 days before the regular general election or a 1742 1743 municipal general election in which the individual intends to be a write-in candidate. 1744 (b) (i) The provisions of this Subsection (1)(b) do not apply to an individual who files a 1745 declaration of candidacy for president of the United States. 1746 (ii) Subject to Subsection (2)(d), an individual may designate an agent to file a declaration of candidacy with the appropriate filing officer if: 1747 1748 (A) the individual is located outside of the state during the entire filing period; 1749 (B) the designated agent appears in person before the filing officer; and (C) the individual communicates with the filing officer using an electronic device that 1750 1751 allows the individual and filing officer to see and hear each other. 1752 (2) (a) The form of the declaration of candidacy for a write-in candidate for all offices, except president or vice president of the United States, is substantially as follows: 1753 1754 "State of Utah, County of I, , declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of 1755 1756 for the district (if applicable). I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the 1757 qualifications to hold the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at in the City or Town of , Utah, Zip Code , Phone No. ; I will 1758 1759 not knowingly violate any law governing campaigns and elections; if filing via a designated 1760 agent, I will be out of the state of Utah during the entire candidate filing period; I will file all 1761 campaign financial disclosure reports as required by law; and I understand that failure to do so

will result in my disqualification as a candidate for this office and rejection of any votes cast
for me. The mailing address that I designate for receiving official election notices is
•
Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath)."
(b) The form of the declaration of candidacy for a write-in candidate for president of
the United States is substantially as follows:
"State of Utah, County of
I,, declare my intention of becoming a candidate for the office of the
president of the United States. I do solemnly swear that: I will meet the qualifications to hold
the office, both legally and constitutionally, if selected; I reside at in the City
or Town of, State, Zip Code, Phone No; I will not knowingly violate
any law governing campaigns and elections. The mailing address that I designate for receiving
official election notices is I designate as
my vice presidential candidate.
Subscribed and sworn before me this(month\day\year).
Notary Public (or other officer qualified to administer oath.)"
(c) A declaration of candidacy for a write-in candidate for vice president of the United
States shall be in substantially the same form as a declaration of candidacy described in
Subsection $20A-9-202[\frac{(7)}{(11)}]$.
(d) An agent described in Subsection (1)(a) or (b) may not sign the form described in
Subsection (2)(a) or (b).
(3) (a) The filing officer shall:
(i) read to the candidate the constitutional and statutory requirements for the office;
(ii) ask the candidate whether the candidate meets the requirements; and
(iii) if the declaration of candidacy is for a legislative office, inform the individual that
Utah Constitution, Article VI, Section 6, prohibits a person who holds a public office of profit
or trust, under authority of the United States or Utah, from being a member of the Legislature.
(b) If the candidate cannot meet the requirements of office, the filing officer may not

1793	accept the write-in candidate's declaration of candidacy.
1794	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a write-in candidate is subject to
1795	Subsection 20A-9-201(8).
1796	(b) A write-in candidate for president of the United States is subject to Subsection
1797	20A-9-201(8)(d) or 20A-9-803(1)(d), as applicable.
1798	(5) By November 1 of each regular general election year, the lieutenant governor shall
1799	certify to each county clerk the names of all write-in candidates who filed their declaration of
1800	candidacy with the lieutenant governor.
1801	Section 27. Section 20A-9-701 is amended to read:
1802	20A-9-701. Certification of party candidates to county clerks Display on ballot.
1803	(1) No later than August 31 of each regular general election year, the lieutenant
1804	governor shall certify to each county clerk, for offices to be voted upon at the regular general
1805	election in that county clerk's county:
1806	(a) the names of each candidate nominated [under Subsection 20A-9-202(4) or
1807	Subsection 20A-9-403(5)] by a registered political party; and
1808	(b) the names of the candidates for president and vice president that are certified by the
1809	registered political party as the party's nominees.
1810	(2) The names shall be certified by the lieutenant governor and shall be displayed on
1811	the ballot as they are provided on the candidate's declaration of candidacy.
1812	(3) (a) Only candidates nominated by a class A, B, or C registered political party, in
1813	accordance with the requirements for the class of the registered political party, may appear on
1814	the ballot as affiliated with, endorsed by, or nominated by a political party or other political
1815	group.
1816	(b) No [other] names, other than the names of the candidates described in Subsection
1817	(3)(a), may appear on the ballot as affiliated with, endorsed by, or nominated by [any other
1818	registered political party,] a political party[,] or other political group.
1819	Section 28. Section 63I-2-220 is amended to read:
1820	63I-2-220. Repeal dates Title 20A.
1821	[(1) On January 1, 2021:]
1822	[(a) Subsection 20A-1-201.5(1), the language that states "Except as provided in
1823	Subsection (4)," is repealed.]

1824	[(b) Subsection 20A-1-201.5(4) is repealed.]
1825	[(c) Subsections 20A-1-204(1)(a)(i) through (iii) are repealed and replaced with the
1826	following:]
1827	["(i) the fourth Tuesday in June; or]
1828	[(ii) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.".]
1829	[(d) In Subsections 20A-1-503(4)(c), 20A-9-202(3)(a), 20A-9-403(3)(d)(ii),
1830	20A-9-407(5) and (6)(a), and 20A-9-408(5), immediately following the reference to Subsection
1831	20A-9-202(1)(b), the language that states "(i) or (ii)" is repealed.]
1832	[(e) Subsection 20A-9-202(1)(b) is repealed and replaced with the following:]
1833	["(b) Unless expressly provided otherwise in this title, for a registered political party
1834	that is not a qualified political party, the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for an
1835	elective office that is to be filled at the next regular general election is 5 p.m. on the first
1836	Monday after the third Saturday in April.";]
1837	[(f) Subsection 20A-9-409(4)(c) is repealed and replaced with the following:]
1838	["(c) The deadline described in Subsection (4)(b) is 5 p.m. on the first Wednesday after
1839	the third Saturday in April.".]
1840	(1) Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, is
1841	repealed January 1, 2026.
1842	[(2)] <u>(2)</u> Subsection 20A-5-803(8) is repealed July 1, 2023.
1843	[(3)] <u>(3)</u> Section 20A-5-804 is repealed July 1, 2023.
1844	[(4) On January 1, 2026:]
1845	[(a) In Subsection 20A-1-102(18)(a), the language that states "or Chapter 4, Part 6,
1846	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project" is repealed.]
1847	[(b) In Subsections 20A-1-303(1)(a) and (b), the language that states "Except as
1848	provided in Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project," is
1849	repealed.]
1850	[(c) In Section 20A-1-304, the language that states "Except for a race conducted by
1851	instant runoff voting under Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods
1852	Pilot Project," is repealed.]
1853	[(d) In Subsection 20A-3a-204(1)(a), (c), or (d), the language that states "except as
1854	provided in Subsection (6)," is repealed.]

1833	[(c) Subsection 20A-3a-204 (3)(b), the language that states subject to Subsection (b),
1856	is repealed.]
1857	[(f) Subsection 20A-3a-204(6) is repealed and the remaining subsections in Section
1858	20A-3a-204 are renumbered accordingly.]
1859	[(g) In Subsection 20A-4-101(2)(c), the language that states "Except as provided in
1860	Subsection (2)(f)," is repealed.]
1861	[(h) Subsection 20A-4-101(2)(f) is repealed.]
1862	[(i) Subsection 20A-4-101(3) is repealed and replaced with the following:]
1863	["(3) To resolve questions that arise during the counting of ballots, a counting judge
1864	shall apply the standards and requirements of Section 20A-4-105.".]
1865	[(j) In Subsection 20A-4-102(1)(b), the language that states "or a rule made under
1866	Subsection 20A-4-101(2)(f)(i)" is repealed.]
1867	[(k) Subsection 20A-4-102(1)(c) is repealed and replaced with the following:]
1868	["(b) To resolve questions that arise during the counting of ballots, a counting judge
1869	shall apply the standards and requirements of Section 20A-4-105.".]
1870	[(1) In Subsection 20A-4-102(6)(a), the language that states ", except as provided in
1871	Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, or a rule made under Subsection
1872	20A-4-101(2)(f)(i)" is repealed.]
1873	[(m) In Subsection 20A-4-105(1)(a), the language that states ", except as otherwise
1874	provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project," is repealed.]
1875	[(n) In Subsection 20A-4-105(2), the language that states "Subsection 20A-3a-204(6),
1876	or Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project," is repealed.]
1877	[(o) In Subsections 20A-4-105(3), (4), and (11), the language that states "Except as
1878	otherwise provided in Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project," is repealed.]
1879	[(p) In Subsection 20A-4-106(2), the language that states "or Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part
1880	6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project" is repealed.]
1881	[(q) In Subsection 20A-4-304(1)(a), the language that states "except as provided in Part
1882	6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project," is repealed.]
1883	[(r) Subsection 20A-4-304(2)(e) is repealed and replaced with the following:]
1884	["(v) from each voting precinct:]
1885	[(A) the number of votes for each candidate; and]

1886	[(B) the number of votes for and against each ballot proposition;".]
1887	[(s) Subsection 20A-4-401(1)(a) is repealed, the remaining subsections in Subsection
1888	(1) are renumbered accordingly, and the cross-references to those subsections are renumbered
1889	accordingly.]
1890	[(t) Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project, is
1891	repealed.]
1892	[(u) Subsections 20A-5-400.1(1)(c) and (d), relating to contracting with a local
1893	political subdivision to conduct an election, is repealed.]
1894	[(v) In Section 20A-5-802, relating to the certification of voting equipment:]
1895	[(i) delete "Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):" from the beginning of
1896	Subsection (2); and]
1897	[(ii) Subsection (2)(b)(ii) is repealed, and the remaining subsections are renumbered
1898	accordingly.]
1899	[(w) Section 20A-6-203.5 is repealed.]
1900	[(x) In Subsections 20A-6-402(1) and (2), the language that states "Except as otherwise
1901	required for a race conducted by instant runoff voting under Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6,
1902	Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project," is repealed.]
1903	[(y) In Subsection 20A-9-203(3)(a)(i), the language that states "or Title 20A, Chapter
1904	4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project" is repealed.]
1905	[(z) In Subsection 20A-9-203(3)(c)(i), the language that states "except as provided in
1906	Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project," is repealed.]
1907	[(aa) In Subsection 20A-9-404(1)(a), the language that states "or Title 20A, Chapter 4,
1908	Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project" is repealed.]
1909	[(bb) In Subsection 20A-9-404(2), the language that states "Except as otherwise
1910	provided in Title 20A, Chapter 4, Part 6, Municipal Alternate Voting Methods Pilot Project," is
1911	repealed.]
1912	[(5) Section 20A-7-407 is repealed January 1, 2021.]
1913	[(6) Section 20A-1-310 is repealed January 1, 2021.]